

**CORRECT on all occasions**

**VULCAIN**

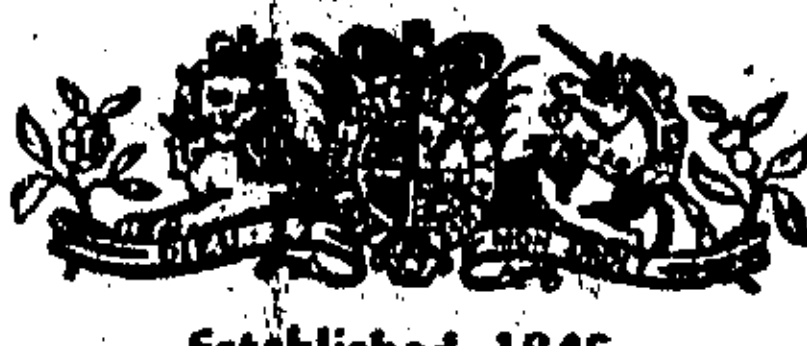
SWISS MADE

Polish Reply To Eden

SEE BACK PAGE

Today's weather: Moderate ENE winds fresh in places. Partly cloudy with some isolated patches of light drizzle. Bright intervals this afternoon.

# CHINA



Established 1845

# MAIL

No. 35049

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1951.

Price 20 Cents

**SKANDEN**

SWEDISH MADE RECORD SYSTEMS

AT REASONABLE PRICES

RECORDING TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE

9 D'Agall Street Tel. 21483

## RUSSIA STRIVING TO GET HANDS ON IRAN OIL

(From ARTHUR COOK)

Teheran, Nov. 12.

Russia is trying to get her hands on Persian oil before any agreement can be made with the West.

Through the Russian Embassy here and the Russian trade delegation which has been in Teheran for the past few weeks, the Soviet is wooing Persia with such ardour that she is now suggesting that she will overlook Persian trade deficiencies if the difference is made up with oil.

But the Persian Cabinet, too, is striving to move, during Mossadeq's absence in case he brings back a last minute promise of new oil negotiations with Britain, is signing nothing yet.

Only their signature is necessary to complete the new Russian-Persian trade agreement, worth £35,000,000. Last year's agreement for a third of that amount expired yesterday and Persia has not fulfilled all her part of the bargain. The new agreement represents twice Persia's yearly exports even if the maximum effort is made.

At the same time she is desperate for 80,000 tons of badly needed sugar and Russia as a "gesture of friendship" has promised to deliver a sugar ration within a month and leave payment to be discussed later.

**PIPELINE SCHEME**  
Russia sees no difficulty in getting Abadan oil to Caspian ports, the Russians here have pointed out to the Persians. Under a long-term plan and with Russian supervision a nine-inch pipeline could be laid from Abadan to the Caspian.

Pumping difficulties which would be encountered if the pipeline was laid over the mountains can be overcome by laying the pipeline alongside the railway line from Abadan and through the mountain tunnels.

A recent plan that Russia is putting forward is the complete dismantling of the Abadan refinery and setting it up again near the Caspian ports of Pahlavi or Astara.

By doing this, Russia points out, she can settle Persia's

northern oil which at the same time stepping up her inadequate refining facilities for the Russian Baku oilfields.

Even if Russia does not move one gallon of oil from Abadan it is thought here her main object in getting to sign an agreement in those terms will ensure that Persian oil does not go to the West—London Express Service.

### NO BREAKDOWN

London, Nov. 12. Persian Premier Mohammed Mossadeq's return to Teheran at the end of this week does not mean the breakdown of oil negotiations in the United States, Hussein Ala, Court Minister, said in Teheran today, according to a Persian Government broadcast heard in London.

Dr Mossadeq had made all possible efforts in Washington, and it was necessary for him to return to Teheran to continue negotiations from there, the Minister said.

(Dr Mossadeq has been having informal discussions on the Persian oil situation with United States Assistant Secretary of State George McGhee in Washington for three weeks.)—Reuter.

### EMBOLDENED OPPONENTS

Teheran, Nov. 12. Premier Mossadeq, apparently returning from Washington with empty hands, faces an emboldened opposition and growing economic difficulties in his homeland.

About 700 heavily armed troops and police, with tear gas (Contd on back page, col. 2)

### Eden Makes Gesture



The new British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, makes a gesture as he talks with M. Schuman (French Foreign Minister) at the UN Assembly. Yesterday Mr Eden made a powerful bid for East-West co-operation. (Central Press)

### Bulk Buying To Stay

London, Nov. 12. Major Gwilym Lloyd George, Food Minister, reaffirmed today that Britain would not cancel Government bulk buying agreements.

Asked in the House of Commons today which bulk purchase agreements he was cancelling, he replied briefly "None, sir."

He told another questioner: "I hope to extend the scope of private trading as soon as general conditions permit."—Reuter.

### Battle Through A Drizzle

H.Q. Korea, Nov. 13. Attacking in an all-day drizzle, United Nations soldiers advanced three quarters of a mile on Monday and seized two slippery hills southwest of Kumson on the Korean Central front.

The dismal weather held the US Fifth Air Force to its slowest day of the entire war. Only six effective sorties were reported as the rain, heavy clouds and fog shrouded North Korea.

The Allied ground attack jumped off at dawn, accomplishing its limited objective by 1 p.m.

On the Eastern front, two company-sized Red attacks were repulsed northwest of Yanggu. In that same sector the Reds failed in six attacks on Sunday when the weather was good.

The Eighth Army reported that elsewhere across Korea, the war was confined to routine small patrols and minor adjustments of positions.—Associated Press.

### Thai Admiral Decides On Priesthood

Bangkok, Nov. 12. Rear Admiral Luang Nava Vichit, former Admiral of the Thai Fleet, who was detained in connection with the abortive coup d'etat in June and later released, has been ordained to the priesthood.

Before the ordination ceremonies, Luang Nava said that it was not customary to enter the priesthood so soon before the end of Buddhist Lent. He added that, following the advice of high priests, he had not waited because he feared that the present tense world situation might take a turn for the worse and his services would then be required by the nation.—Reuter.

### MacArthur Not For President

Indianapolis, Nov. 12. General Douglas MacArthur turned down an offer to run for President of the Prohibition ticket, it was announced today. Gen. MacArthur was approached by Prohibition Party officials last month on the eve of the party's national nomination convention. "I am not a candidate for the office of President and have no political ambitions of any sort," his letter to the party said.—United Press.

## Stand-By Warning To British Naval Units At Malta

### EGYPTIAN GARRISON EXPELLED FROM ABADIA PORT

(From CHARLES ARCACHE)

Alexandria, Nov. 12.

When the Canal Zone woke today the walls were found plastered with placards saying, "Tomorrow the Egyptian Commandos are beginning work. We are dying so that Egypt lives."

The Azhar religious university decided after a meeting of its dignitaries to invite all Moslems to boycott the British and added it was legal for anyone attacked to defend himself and that Egypt had been attacked by the British.

### BRITON LIKELY TO HEAD COMMAND

Paris, Nov. 12. French sources said tonight that General Sir Brian Robertson of Britain probably would head the new Middle East defence command although no formal decision had been reached.

General Robertson is at present the military chief in Europe.

Agreement on a four-power command composed of the United States, France, Britain and Turkey was announced yesterday. Since Turkey has not been taken officially into the North Atlantic Pact yet, informed quarters said, no decision was yet possible on General Robertson.—United Press.

### SOUTH AFRICA IN

Pretoria, Nov. 12. The Union Government of South Africa has accepted membership of the Middle East Command and has undertaken to send ground and air forces to the Middle East in the event of war, the Department of External Affairs said in a statement issued here tonight.

The statement said, "In accordance with its declared policy of assisting in the defence of the Middle East and of the African continent against Communist aggression, the Government has undertaken in time of war to send ground forces and air crews to the Middle East, but this undertaking is without prejudice to the right of Parliament to decide on participation in war."

"In pursuance of this undertaking the Union has accepted membership of the Middle East Command and will be represented in its headquarters when set up. It was intended that the Union, with Australia and New Zealand, should be an original signatory of the declaration on the establishment of the Command, but the agreement of the other Commonwealth members could not be obtained in time and the declaration was issued in the name of Great Britain, the United States, France and Turkey only."—Reuter.

## U.S. Seeks Mediation In Egyptian Clash

Paris, Nov. 12.

The United States was authoritatively reported today to be seeking ways to mediate the differences between Britain and Egypt.

The American effort is being carried out quietly, behind-the-scenes at the UN General Assembly here, with the sanction of Secretary of State Dean Acheson.

Contacts on a lower level between the American and Egyptian delegates are already believed to have been made. Acheson is said to be offering the Egyptians a new formula for their relations with Britain which would recognise and guarantee Egypt's national aspirations.

If these dispatch preliminary exchanges are favourable, Acheson himself may seek conversations with Egypt's Foreign Secretary Mohammed Salah el Din, who is in Paris for the Assembly. Similar mediation efforts are said to have been initiated by Iraq's Premier Nuri Said Pasha, who arrived in Paris on Friday and has been in conference with Arab leaders over the Middle East situation since.

It has been learned that the Arab states themselves have decided they will pursue individual courses of action regarding the proposed new Middle East Command. Egypt has been trying without success for the past four days to get the Arabs to say publicly they reject the idea of the Command and will not join.—Associated Press.

### Missing Youths Never Born!

Sydney, Nov. 12. Commonwealth employment officers in Sydney have solved the mystery of the thousand 18-year-old New South Wales youths they believed dodged the second call-up for national service training.

The "missing" youths were never born.

Birthrate for the second half of 1933 had been estimated at 9,000; actually it was a thousand less—the lowest on record in New South Wales.—Reuter.

## Jerusalem Hunger March

Jerusalem, Nov. 12. Israel had to contend with a Communist-led anti-American "hunger march" and threatened strikes by butchers and ship workers today.

Several hundred Communists and members of the Leftist Mapai (United Workers Party) demonstrated in Jerusalem's King George Avenue in a warm-up for the "hunger march" to the Knesset (Parliament), two blocks away.

"Food for the people instead of bases for Americans," was one slogan on banners printed with big red Hebrew letters. A comparatively small crowd listened to loud-speakers carrying speeches demanding "food for the nation and fuel for profiteers."

The Leftist demonstration was denounced by the Histadrut, General Federation of Jewish Labour.

Histadrut leaders said the "hunger march" was senseless though the demand for a crackdown on black marketing was justified.

Butchers decided to have a country-wide strike on the contention that they could not meet expenses under government price controls.—Associated Press.

### Wanchai Traffic Snarls

Continual traffic snarls in the Queen's Road East as the result of extensive road repair work compelled Government to action this morning.

For the time being, Queen's Road East is to become a one-way street, with traffic travelling West only.

Numerous bus diversions are detailed in an advertisement in Page Eight.

### COMMENT OF THE DAY

## A Call For Statesmanship

MR Eden's calmly impressive and conciliatory speech in the U.N. General Assembly, urging a truce to abuse and a fresh bid for better understanding between East and West, does not obviate the necessity for the new British Government of defining for themselves their foreign policy. The sense of urgency might diminish with the slightest hint of reciprocal feelings in Kremlin quarters, but the prospects are slim indeed, and meanwhile the problems of Egypt, Middle East defence and Persia do not grow less in importance. Minds have to be made up quickly with readiness for the required action giving no room for misunderstanding. The issues are not really obscure but they are in danger of being obscured if Mr Eden does not disentangle them. The first point to be stressed is British determination to defend the Suez Canal in the face of the aggressive menace to the tempting oilfields of the Middle East. The second is that Egypt herself is quite incapable of its defence. The recent showing of the Egyptian forces in the Palestine war left nothing unsaid. The third point is that Egypt has rejected for the present the Four Power proposal for an international defence force with an Egyptian contingent; and until she reconsiders this attitude this essential part of the Western world's defence problem can be met only by Britain's insistence on acting under her Treaty rights. These rights cannot be abrogated by unilateral action. As a matter of justice and international law our position cannot be seriously impugned. Only one thing can save the situation—a display of willingness to use force if compelled, in defence of our position in the Suez Canal. On the other hand, it is desirable not to embitter the Egyptians any more than

can be avoided, because Cairo's eventual co-operation in the overall Middle East defence system might well be the key to efficiency. Against that, it is plain that unless the Egyptians are convinced that they must abandon their intransigence, they are not likely to show any change of heart. Influenced by the first consideration only, we might adopt a purely defensive policy, leaving the initiative entirely to the Egyptians and contenting ourselves with parrying one by one the different forms of attack that they may develop against Britain's position. But this would be fatal. Conflicts can never or seldom be won by defence alone. A policy of mere parrying would encourage the Egyptians to explore the efficacy of one offensive tactic after another until they found some which could not be parried by negative action. To boast that at a pinch we can do without Egyptian labour, organise canal traffic, hold our lines against any direct assault, is neither here nor there. By the method of multiplying occasions when British troops had to fire on Egyptian crowds, Cairo would rapidly put us in a highly invidious position. But a campaign can only threaten when antagonism has been sharpened to an extreme point and weakness is detected on the other side. Things have not reached that point in Egypt and statesmanship should aim to ensure that they do not. The doctrine of "peace through strength" also applies to the situation in the Egyptian hold-up. Promptitude similarly is three parts of the affair. If we had remembered that in Persia, the trouble there might never have passed out of control. Needed for an amicable agreement in Egypt is full realisation in Cairo that Britain—and the United States—will stand no nonsense.

big car features at small car costs



This superb Morris has every feature you expect to find in the larger, more costly cars. Engine of 27 horse power. Within the wheel-base seating for four. Independent front wheel suspension. Controlled ventilation. Lockheed hydraulic brakes. Over 7 cubic feet of luggage accommodation. Easier to steer through traffic. Less costly to operate and maintain. Fuel consumption 35-40 miles per gallon. The world's biggest small car buy!

**MORRIS Minor**

SALOON and CONVERTIBLE

see them at

**DODWELL MOTORS LTD**

QUEEN'S ROAD, 105, ROYAL STREET TEL. 21483



# KING'S MAJESTIC

Air Conditioned

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY  
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20  
& 9.30 P.M. & 9.30 P.M.

25th ANNIVERSARY OF SOUND  
MOTION PICTURE  
Warner Bros. First National Pictures  
Inc. Presents

**RANDOLPH SCOTT**  
When the guns that tore up Texas fought it out at

**FORT WORTH**  
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR

ADDED: TECHNICOLOR CARTOONS  
KING'S: "A HICK, A SLICK AND A CHICK" MAJESTIC: "SWALLOW THE LEADER"  
and latest Warner Pathe News

To-morrow at the KING'S

DAVID O. SELZNICK  
His first production since "Gone With the Wind" and "Rebecca"

CLAUDETTE COLEBERT JONES COTTEN  
SHIRLEY TEMPLE WOOLLEY  
LOREL BARRYMORE WALKER

"Since You Went Away"

Directed by John Cromwell

# KING'S LIBERTY

Air-Conditioned

★ COMING ATTRACTION ★

**SPECTACLE**  
For those movie-goers who like action and spectacle, David O. Selznick has created one of the most tremendous and awe-inspiring scenes yet put on film. This is the great movie at the heart of the picture.

DAVID O. SELZNICK  
Presents  
**Portrait of Jennie**  
starring  
JENNIFER JONES • JOSEPH COTTEN

NEXT CHANGE **MAJESTIC** NEXT CHANGE  
Louis BUTLER — Irene HERBIE

**"MICKEY"**  
in color

# TRUMAN-CHURCHILL MEETINGS

PREPARING FOR ROYAL TOUR

## Three Key Topics In Talks

## Atomic Secrets, Economic Crisis To Be Discussed

London, Nov. 12.

Prime Minister Churchill indicated today by his choice of three Ministers as travelling companions that he wants to talk about atomic secrets, Britain's feeble economy and a meeting with Premier Stalin when he visits President Truman early in January.

A wide range of Anglo-American foreign policies and Western strategy will enter into the talks, it was indicated in a 48-word statement from No. 10 Downing Street.

It said that Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, Lord Ismay, Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, and Paymaster-General Lord Cherwell would go with Mr Churchill to Washington in the first days of January.

Lord Cherwell long has been a personal adviser to Mr Churchill on scientific matters and is in charge of Britain's atomic energy programme.

Mr Churchill is eager to restore the war-time British-American partnership in atomic development. He is reported to have ordered Lord Cherwell to test Britain's first bomb within six months if possible in order to restore sinking British prestige among many smaller countries of the world.

It is likely he will take steps to reassure Americans of Britain's security arrangements in a bid for greater sharing of atomic secrets.

Lord Ismay was Mr Churchill's right-hand man during the war in drawing together the many strands of military and strategic policy.

He also has first-hand experience in British economic affairs and gained wide knowledge of Asian affairs when he was adviser to Viceroy Lord Mountbatten in India at the time of partition.

### UNWRITTEN FACT

Mr Churchill is expected to seek a closer Anglo-American partnership within the sprawling Atlantic alliance. It would necessarily be an unwritten arrangement—perhaps similar to that during the war. Officials hope it will bring Britain a more active American backing in her many political, economic and military woes.

In return, Mr Churchill may undertake to march in closer step with the United States in world affairs.

A sign of that movement was given today. It concerned Generalissimo Francisco Franco's regime in Spain which Britain deemed Fascist.

The Foreign Office, it was officially disclosed, passed word to Franco's Ambassador last week that Mr Churchill's Government hopes future Anglo-Spanish relations will be "correct and friendly."

The preceding Labour Government took the view earlier this year, when the United States took the initiative in seeking air and naval bases in Spain, that why Anglo-Spanish relations should be the political cause of the Atlantic Allies. Government sources said Mr Eden may soon withdraw objection.

### ECONOMIC ANGLE

Mr Churchill said today as plainly as modern diplomacy allows that he also is thinking of meeting Stalin soon.

A questioner in the House of Commons asked whether he would try to get talks going with Stalin with the idea of ending the cold war.

The 70-year-old Prime Minister replied: "There are at present no plans for negotiations on general problems with the Soviet Union but the possibility of a high-level meeting should not be excluded if circumstances are favourable."

Britain's economic plight doubtless will get a good going over when the Washington talks begin.

But the nation's difficulties are so pressing that action is

being taken right now to stave off some looming disasters.

Chancellor of the Exchequer R. A. Butler, for instance, last week put in a claim for something like \$300,000,000 worth of cash help from the United States, immediately.

### SECOND BID

Mr Butler is due to make a second bid for American help this week — this time for military goods.

Mr Butler flies to Paris on Wednesday to trace the progress of Britain's three-year \$13,160,000,000 arms programme with Atlantic pact chiefs.

Officials here said he will make it plain that Britain can neither fulfil nor increase the programme without substantial outside help—which must come mainly from the United States.

Mr Churchill, to judge by his own and his colleagues' public statements, is likely to argue to President Truman that an economic collapse of Britain could lead to a breakdown of the Atlantic pact itself.—Associated Press.

### KEY TOPIC

London, Nov. 12.

A possible meeting with Stalin is one of the chief topics Mr Churchill wants to discuss with President Truman when they meet in Washington in January.

Mr Churchill first called for a post-war revival of wartime talks with Stalin in an election campaign speech at Edinburgh in the winter of 1950. He still thinks that such a meeting might help lessen world tensions but he carefully added that the West must negotiate from "strength" rather than "weakness."

There is speculation here that Mr Churchill might confer with Stalin after seeing President Truman.

Another key topic on the Truman-Churchill agenda will be United States aid for Britain, beaten to her knees by tremendous new financial burdens.—United Press.

## EDEN'S TALKS IN PARIS

Paris, Nov. 12.

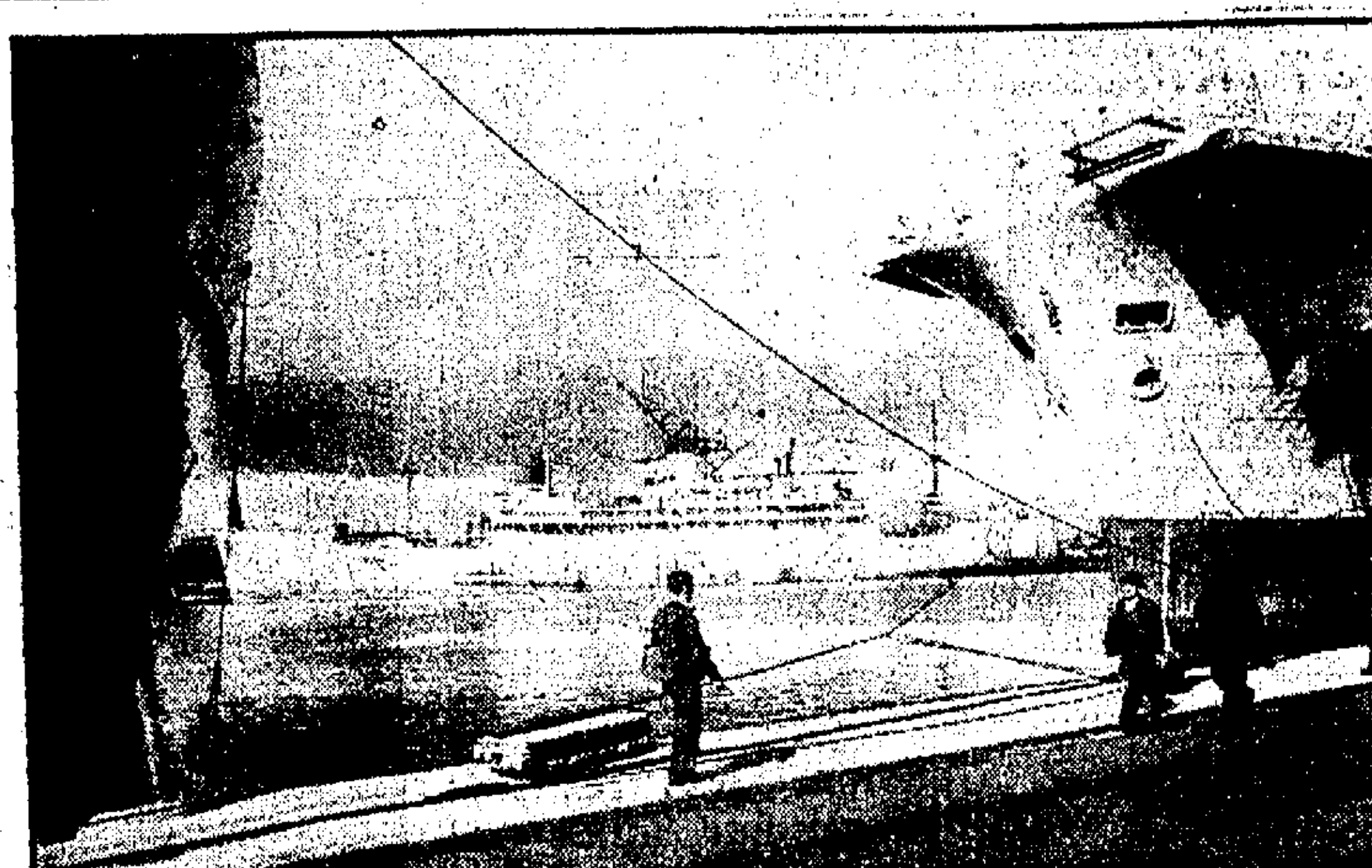
Mr Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, received a senior Syrian diplomat here today and they were understood to have discussed the Middle East situation.

A Yemeni diplomat is expected to call on Mr Eden on Tuesday. The British Foreign Secretary may meet representatives of Jordan and Israel separately before leaving Paris for London this week.

General Nuri es Said Pasha, Iraqi Prime Minister, had an interview with Mr Eden here last week. They were believed to have discussed the four-Power Middle East defence scheme and the question of the revision of the 1930 Anglo-Iraqi treaty.—Reuter.

## MEETINGS

PREPARING FOR ROYAL TOUR



The Shaw Savill liner Gothic, which is to carry the Royal party on the Commonwealth tour of 1952, is now being refitted at Birkenhead. The picture shows a view of the liner in Birkenhead Dock. — Central Press.

## Reds Struggling To Complete Korea Air Fields

Tokyo, Nov. 13.

In a deadly game of bombs and shells for some of the highest potential stakes of the Korean war, the Communists are struggling around the clock to try and complete three airfields in North Korea, US Air Force sources report.

If the Reds can complete the fields, north and northwest of Sinanju, they can move some of their growing air power from Manchuria down closer to the ground battlefronts.

To prevent this, radar-guided American B-29s fly over the three airfields almost every night, scattering 100-pound bombs along the runways. The Communists are forced to fill each bomb crater, and American Air Force officers believe his constant repair work has

prevented much progress toward completing the airfields. Radar-controlled anti-aircraft guns, possibly manned by Caucasian Communist specialists from Eastern Europe, recently have been placed around the North Korean fields. They

have caused some B-29s to be damaged. A US Air Force officer in Korea, citing the fact that the Reds were pushing construction of the airfields, told newsmen there was a build-up of Red air power in North Korea.

Asked to expand on the statement, a Far East Air Force (FEAF) spokesman said the officer in Korea referred to increasing activity of Russian-built MIG jets over North Korea and to the Communists' efforts to build bases below the Yalu River.

1,200 PLANES  
The FEAF spokesman said there may be a few Communist jet-engine planes based in North Korea, but he added: "As far as we know, all the Communist jets are still operating from Manchuria."

General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, US Air Chief of Staff, has said he believes some of these jets are piloted by Russians.

Latest intelligence figures still place the total number of Communist planes in Manchuria at about 1,200, although the Reds have placed more MIGs over North Korea in recent weeks than ever before.

During the month of October B-29 gunners shot down eight MIGs and Allied jet fighters shot down 25 more. Nine Allied planes, including four B-29s, were lost to the MIGs, while 21 Allied planes lost to enemy ground fire.

INTENSIVE FIGHT  
Far East Air Force officers say the MIGs are putting up the most intensive fight of the Korean war thus far, but they insist the Allies still have air superiority over North Korea.

The vital Red fields are at Namshi, Tachon and Swamcham—all in the northwest corner of Korea above Sinanju.

The flak around the fields is so intense and accurate that pilots believe it is radar-controlled and manned by Chinese volunteers who are known to have arrived in Korea last summer. — Associated Press.

## "Pin Baby" Flies Home Today

Chicago, Nov. 12.

Manila's "pin baby," Elvira Difantorum, 11 months old, who was flown from the Philippines for an emergency operation, will begin the flight home on Tuesday.

Doctors said the tiny girl is in good health after a 50-second bronchoscopy ordeal in which a straight pin was drawn from one of her lungs with a magnet last Tuesday.

The child in the arms of nurse Manuela Batista and accompanied by Dr Jose Reyes, both of Manila, will leave on Tuesday on a Trans-world Airlines plane for San Francisco.

Arrangements for the remainder of the flight are to be made by Philippine Air Lines. — Associated Press.

## BRITAIN REVERSES POLICY

London, Nov. 12.

The move towards closer relations between Britain and Spain is the first direct change in foreign policy shown since the Conservative Government was voted to power at the General Elections of October 25.

After the United Nations had earlier this year rescinded a previous resolution asking members to withdraw Ambassadors from Madrid, Britain's Labour Government sent back an Ambassador to Madrid. He is now Sir John Balfour.

This move, taken by the Labour Government in line with other United Nations members, roused considerable protest amongst the Party's back benches in Parliament.

The idea that Spain should have some form of defence relationship with the United States was also bitterly attacked.

The Labour Government was believed to have informed Admiral Forrest Sherman, Chief of American Naval Operations, when he visited London this summer, that it was not sympathetic to the idea of the United States obtaining military facilities in the country.

Mr Anthony Eden, the new Foreign Secretary, now appears to have reversed this policy. Mr Eden has not yet himself seen the Spanish Ambassador since assuming office.

American military missions have in the past few months been visiting Spain to study possible military installations and bases there.—Reuter.

## Border Story Exaggerated

Penang, Nov. 12.

Mr W. N. Gray, the Federation Police Commissioner, today described as grossly exaggerated recent reports that Chinese Communists had been surging along the Kedah-Thailand border.

Mr Gray, who is in Penang on a six-day tour of inspection of north Malaya, told Reuter there had always been a few Communists crossing the border to or from Thailand, but their numbers were not great.

He said the recent military and police operations to hunt down the killers of Sir Henry Gurney, the late High Commissioner of the Federation, constituted a very big effort.

Unfortunately the territory covered by the security forces was not easy terrain, and it was only by their determination and persistence that the security forces had been able to obtain the results so far announced.—Reuter.

## Scientist Flees Argentina

Montevideo, Nov. 12.

The Uruguayan news agency ANI reported today that a Belgian scientist named Paul Charles de Roodenbeck, said to have been working on atomic energy in Argentina, had crossed into Uruguay.

It said that he had arrived at Salto, on the Uruguay river, after leaving Argentina for political reasons.—Reuter.

### POP

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

### Gin and bear it

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

### CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!

WE HAVEN'T PAID FOR THE LAST CRICKET YET!









**BRAATHENS**  
The S.A.F.E. Way  
to Europe

**NORWAYS PREMIER AIRLINE**

HONGKONG — OSLO via AMSTERDAM  
BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ALL EUROPE  
Braathens S.A.F.E. Airtransport A/S  
DEPARTURE HONGKONG EVERY FRIDAY  
EVERY SECOND FLIGHT IN CONJUNCTION WITH C.F.A.  
Book Passages & Freight Through Your Travel Agent or

Agents:  
**WALLEN & COMPANY LIMITED**  
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building  
Tel: 38041-5




**Queen Scots**

**HIGHLAND QUEEN**  
SCOTCH WHISKY

**MACDONALD & MUIR LTD**  
Distillers  
Leith, Scotland

SOLE AGENTS — DODWELL &amp; CO., LIMITED



**Moutries**  
DANCING TIME WITH JOE LOSS

A selection for your party

CHOO CHOO SAMBA (samba)  
A BEGGAR IN LOVE (s.f.t.)  
SOMEWHERE, SOMEHOW, SOMEDAY (f.t.)  
SKYCOACH (f.t.)  
THE FLYING SAUCER (f.t.)  
HORA SAMBA (samba)  
JULIAN (tango)  
JEALOUS HEART (s.f.t.)  
ROCKABYE YOUR BABY (s.f.t.)  
ADIOS PAMPA MIA (tango)  
TILL ALL OUR DREAMS COME TRUE (waltz)  
CLOPIN CLOPANT (f.t.)  
DOO WACKA DOO (q.s.)  
I DO, I DO, I DO (s.f.t.)  
ROSEWOOD SPINET (s.f.t.)  
BEAUTIFUL EYES (q.s.)  
MAKE BELIEVE (q.s.)  
WHY DO I LOVE YOU (q.s.)  
A MOTHER'S LULLABY (waltz)  
WHEN IT'S EVENING (f.t.)  
MY GIRL'S AN IRISH GIRL (waltz)  
REFLECTIONS ON THE WATER (f.t.)  
JOLLY OLD MAN IN BRIGHT RED (q.s.)  
WORRY, WORRY, WORRY (s.f.t.)

**MOUTRIE & CO., (H.K.) LTD.**  
15 Chater Rd. Tel 20527

# WINSTON CHURCHILL'S WAR MEMOIRS

## ITALIANS PRESS FOR POLITICAL CHANGES

In January, 1944, representatives of six Italian parties met at Bari and asked for a broader administration than that of Marshal Badoglio and for the abdication of King Victor Emmanuel. Mr Churchill considered that the regime should not be changed before the capture of Rome, and President Roosevelt agreed on Feb. 11 to a temporary reprieve for the two old gentlemen.

Four days later the second major attack on Cassino began with the bombing of the monastery. This direct assault failed.

At the beginning of March the weather brought about a deadlock. Napoleon's fifth element—mud—bogged down both sides. We could not break the main front at Cassino, and the Germans had equally failed to drive us into the sea at Anzio. By now we had 20 divisions in Italy, but both Americans and French had had very heavy losses. The enemy had 18 or 19 divisions south of Rome, and five more in Northern Italy, but they too were tired and worn.

There could be no hope now of a break-out from the Anzio beach-head and no prospect of an early link-up between our separated forces until the Cassino front was broken. The prime need therefore was to make the beach-head really firm, to relieve and reinforce the troops and to pack in stores to withstand a virtual siege and nourish a subsequent sortie.

Time was short, since many of the landing-craft had to leave for "Overlord" (the cross-Channel operation) in the middle of the month. Their move had so far been rightly postponed, but no further delay was possible. The Navy put all their strength into the effort, with admirable results. The previous average daily tonnage landed had been 3,000; in the first 10 days of March this was more than doubled.

A few days later Vesuvius was in violent eruption. For several days traffic from the Naples airfields was partially interrupted, but the work in the ports went on. On March 24 a report to the Naval Commander-in-Chief stated: "The Naples group of ports is now discharging at the rate of 12m. tons a year, while Vesuvius is estimated to be doing 30m. a day. We can but admire this gesture of the Gods."

### Pressure of opinion

WHILE the battles I have described were going on, politics raged around Badoglio. Roosevelt was being clamorously

pressed to support major changes in the Italian Government. He suggested that we might yield to the pressure of opinion.

I telegraphed him:

Prime Minister to President Roosevelt.

8 Mar., '44.  
You cable causes me concern. It is a departure from your agreement with me of Feb. 11 which you kindly reaffirmed in your [later] cable as "finished business." On the strength of the first assurances I made my statement to Parliament. My advice does not lead me to believe that any new facts of importance have arisen or that the Allied forces are not capable of maintaining order in the regions they have occupied as the result of the "unconditional surrender" of Italy. It would be a very serious mistake to give way to [local] agitation, especially when accompanied by threats on the part of groups of office-seeking politicians.

We should then be liable to set up in Italy an administration which might not command the allegiance of the armed forces, but which would endeavour to make its position with the Italian people by standing up to the Allies. In fact, we should have another but more intractable version of the de Gaulle Committee.

I am sure that for the victorious conquerors to have their hands forced in this way by sections of the defeated population would be unfortunate. So also would be the obvious open division between you and me and between our two Governments.

I gave you and the State Department loyal and vigorous support over the Darlan affair. Unity of action between our two Governments was never more necessary than at the present time, considering the great battles in which we are engaged and which lie ahead.

### Bargain with parties

HIS reply on the same day encouraged me to believe that we were in agreement. The pressures, however, continued. The idea of making a bargain with the six Italian Opposition parties gained support in the Supreme Headquarters at Algiers, and Gen. Wilson (the Supreme Allied Commander in Mediterranean) telegraphed in this sense to the Combined Chiefs of Staff in Washington and London. Thus he was entitled to do as he served both countries. Nevertheless my views remained unchanged and my colleagues in the War Cabinet, who saw all that was passing, were in broad agreement with them.

Prime Minister to President Roosevelt.

13 Mar., '44.  
I fear that if we drive out the King and Badoglio at this stage we shall only have complicated the task of the armies. I see that this is also the Soviet view. They are certainly realistic, but of course their aim may be a Communist Italy, and it may suit them to use the King and Badoglio, still every day ready for an extreme solution. I can assure you that this danger is also in my mind.

My idea remains that we should try to construct a broadly based Government, taking into account the opinion of the democratic North of Italy and seeking representatives from there. Of course if we cannot get Rome for several months, we shall have to act earlier, but without the favourable conditions which will be open to

us once we are in possession of the capital.

The President's reply disappointed me:

President Roosevelt to Prime Minister.

13 Mar., '44.  
I am sorry if earlier messages were not clear. I did not at any time intend to convey to you agreement that we postpone all political decisions until after Rome had been taken. The political situation in Italy has developed rapidly since our earlier messages; the military situation has not kept pace. The capture of Rome is still remote and major political decisions must be taken.

I do not like having to use stern measures against our friends in Italy, except for good reason. In the present situation the Commander-in-Chief and his political advisers, both British and American, have recommended that we give immediate support to the programme of the six Opposition parties. Thus we have, happily for once, our political and military considerations entirely in harmony.

I cannot for the life of me understand why we should hesitate any longer in supporting a policy so admirably suited to

the situation.

After the third Battle of Cassino, in the second half of March, the Allies had achieved a bridgehead across the Rapido.

BEFORE the Gustav Line could be assaulted again with any hope of success our troops had to be rested and regrouped. Most of the Eighth Army had to be brought over from the Adriatic side and two armies concentrated for the next battle, the British Eighth on the Cassino front, the American Fifth on the lower Garigliano.

For this Gen. Alexander needed nearly two months.

This meant that the Mediterranean could only help the cross-Channel assault in early June by fighting south of Rome. The United States Chiefs of Staff still strove for a subsidiary landing in Southern France ("Anvil"), and for some weeks there was much argument between us about what orders should be given to Gen. Wilson.

It will be recalled that in my talk with Montgomery at Marrakesh on Dec. 31 he said that he must have more in the initial punch across the Channel. On Jan. 6 I telegraphed to the President that Bedell Smith and Montgomery were convinced that it was better to put in a much heavier and broader "Overlord" than to expand "Anvil" beyond what we had planned in outline before Teheran.

### The British view

THIS was keenly debated at a conference held by Gen. Eisenhower on Jan. 21, shortly after his arrival in England. As a result of this conference, he sent a telegram to the Combined Chiefs of Staff in Washington, in which he said:

"Overlord" and "Anvil" must be viewed as one whole. If sufficient resources could be made available the ideal would be a five-divisional "Overlord," and a three-divisional "Anvil." If insufficient forces are available for this, however, I am driven to the conclusion that we should adopt a five-divisional "Overlord" and a one-divisional "Anvil," the latter being maintained as a threat until enemy weakness justifies its active employment.

On this telegram the British Chiefs of Staff presented their

views to Washington, namely:

(a) That the first onfall "Overlord" should be increased to five divisions, whatever the cost to "Anvil."

(b) That every effort should be made to undertake "Anvil" by using two divisions or more in the assault.

(c) That if these divisions could not be carried, landing-craft in the Mediterranean should be reduced to the requirements for a lift of one division.

The American Chiefs of Staff were unable to agree. They considered that a threat in lieu of an actual operation was inadequate and insisted on a two-divisional assault. On this telegram I intimated: "Apparently the two-division lift for 'Anvil' is given priority over 'Overlord'."

This is directly counter to the views of Gen. Eisenhower and Montgomery.

### Turning the scale

ON Feb. 4 the British Chiefs of Staff, in full consultation with me, sent a lengthy telegram to their American colleagues, in which they emphasised that the paramount consideration was that "Overlord" should succeed and that the right solution was to build up "Overlord" to the strength required by the Supreme Commander, and then to allocate to the Mediterranean whatever additional resources could be found.

They questioned the wisdom of undertaking "Anvil" at all, in view of the way things were going in Italy, and pointed out that when "Anvil" first found favour at Teheran we expected that the Germans would withdraw to a line north of Rome. They also pointed out that the distance between the South of France and the beaches of Normandy was nearly 500 miles, and that a diversion could be created from Italy or other points just as well as through the Rhone Valley. "Anvil" in fact was too far away to help "Overlord."

On this the United States Chiefs of Staff proposed that the issue should be decided at a conference between Gen. Eisenhower, who would be their representative, and the British Chiefs of Staff.

Gen. Eisenhower was still reluctant to abandon "Anvil," but he was beginning to doubt whether it would still be possible to withdraw trained divisions from Italy.

On March 21 Gen. Wilson was asked for his opinion. He said he was strongly opposed to withdrawing troops from Italy until Rome had been captured and he advised that "Anvil" should be cancelled and that we should only land in the South of France if the Germans crumbled.

This turned the scale. The British Chiefs of Staff telegraphed to Washington that it was clear that "Anvil" could not be carried out on the prescribed date, since it was impossible to withdraw entire troops from the battle in Italy or landing-craft from the Anzio Bridgehead. The American Chiefs of Staff accepted, and agreed that Gen. Wilson should prepare to land in the South of France in July, and also to contain and destroy as many German troops in Italy as possible if it were decided to fight it out there.

(World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, particularly in any language, strictly prohibited.)

(MORE TOMORROW)

## This is a Real-life Ruritania

By Fred Manor

### TRIESTE.

"HOUSEKEEPING" in Liechtenstein. It is sheer paradise!" exclaimed Baroness Falz-Fein (nee Curtis-Bennett), who five months ago abandoned the bleak prospects of London shopping—to become—the only British housewife in Vaduz, Liechtenstein's rustic capital.

"Just imagine," she told me, "my family has arrived from London today, and all I had to do was to telephone to the butcher and order six large steaks. As easy as that."

I could thoroughly share the Baroness's enthusiasm. I had only got up from a Vaduz lunch, which included soup, a half-pound steak, tender as a maiden's dream, and surrounded by mountains of delicious chips, buttered beans, and sweet peas, followed by ice made of real cream. The price of this gargantuan meal is 7s. 6d. while a bottle of the famous Vaduz red wine was 8s.

### ANACHRONISM

Liechtenstein is probably the last Ruritania of Europe, a cheerful anachronism from times irretrievably past, times which were kinder to romance and more pleasant to live in than our streamlined and regimented machine age.

The state has 13,000 inhabitants living on a hundred square miles, with a 15-member parliament, the "Landtag," elected on a two-party basis, and a Government headed by the Duchy's chief tax collector.

It goes without saying that a people who, of their own free will, elect a tax collector for their Prime Minister, must be a contented nation, and in fact income tax in Liechtenstein varies between 5d. and 1s. 6d. in the Pound, a figure appropriate to the fairy-tale atmosphere of this tiny country.

The population, living mostly on agriculture, with a sprinkling of new industries, is prosperous, and the British-born Baroness assures me that clothing is considerably cheaper than in Britain. The same goes for vegetables, fruit and wine. Meat at 7s. a lb. may not be cheap, but everybody seems to be able to afford it.

### VERY SERIOUSLY

The editor of the local newspaper supporting the Government (majority of one) claimed that the Liechtenstein people take their politics very seriously. They have no Labour Party, although the opposition party, which has seven seats in the 18-strong "Landtag," could be considered slightly left-wing. Communism is entirely unknown, something one reads about in books or foreign newspapers.

The eight-page newspaper, published three times a week, has so many volunteer collaborators that the editor, in addition to his editorial duties, can also handle a thriving insurance business, is the capital's leading lawyer, and as the honorary Consul of the Netherlands.

The Duchy has a customs and postal union with Switzerland, but the inhabitants never fail to point out that the union can be dissolved any time: the Vaduz "Landtag" should so desire. Liechtenstein has, of course, its own postage stamps, a profitable source of revenue. The police has an establishment of nine and since 1868 the Duchy has had no Army. During the last war Liechtenstein "mobilised" mustering 150 men to protect its frontiers. The real policing was done by the Swiss Army which secured the country's neutrality.

## Where Art Is For The State's Sake

By BARBARA VEREKER

THERE are those who, while condemning Communism as a whole, think that in cultural matters the Soviet Union is ahead of the rest of the world. They will cite the number of major works of art commissioned by the State and tell you that under the Soviet regime artists are encouraged, respected and subsidised. But they will overlook one important fact and that is, that the artist has no freedom to do the work he chooses in the way he thinks best.

In the Soviet Union today the artist is completely controlled by the State. There is nothing to prevent him producing a masterpiece, of course, provided it is exactly what the State orders.

today and gone tomorrow. The writer may have been hailed as a genius, but let him stumble one step out of line and his work will be suddenly and sweepingly reassessed.

He may have written a poem beginning:

"Over collective farm and productive grove  
The languid moonlight casts a light of love"  
and ending with the arresting line:

"Rejoice, for the stars look down on Stalin too!"

It may be hailed as a masterpiece, combining beauty of expression with sound political ideology. But when the writer becomes less favoured it is regarded in a different light. "Languid moonlight" for instance strikes rather an idle, degenerate note, while "light of love" is known to be a bourgeois term of notoriously prodigal significance. Finally, the suggestion in the last line that anything looks down on Comrade Stalin is little short of treason.

The artist may feel justified in thinking that he is successful. But it is one thing to achieve success, and another thing to remain successful. For under Communism a work may be great

and still, the author will probably make a public declaration that he was misguided and sit down to rewrite the piece in more "acceptable" lines.

This may sound very exaggerated, but it isn't. Last July a poem entitled "Love the Ukraine" by the popular poet Sosyura, was criticised for describing the natural beauties of "the eternal Ukraine" rather than "the Ukraine of the new Soviet Union, and for failing to refer to the Socialist Motherland, or to express the Soviet people's hatred of the enemy."

★

Earlier this year Pravda launched an attack on the opera "With all My Heart" (it was a work based on a book by Maiev, which had won a Stalin prize, and the music was composed by the Ukrainian composer Zhelezovsky who, two days before he received a Stalin award, had been criticised for "bourgeois nationalism"). The work, it was said, was "too sentimental" and "too sentimental."

The artist may feel justified in thinking that he is successful. But it is one thing to achieve success, and another thing to remain successful. For under Communism a work may be great

and still, the author will probably make a public declaration that he was misguided and sit down to rewrite the piece in more "acceptable" lines.

This may sound very exaggerated, but it isn't. Last July a poem entitled "Love the Ukraine" by the popular poet Sosyura, was criticised for describing the natural beauties of "the eternal Ukraine" rather than "the Ukraine of the new Soviet Union, and for failing to refer to the Socialist Motherland, or to express the Soviet people's hatred of the enemy."

★

Earlier this year Pravda launched an attack on the opera "With all My Heart" (it was a work based on a book by Maiev, which had won a Stalin prize, and the music was composed by the Ukrainian composer Zhelezovsky who, two days before he received a Stalin award, had been criticised for "bourgeois nationalism"). The work, it was said, was "too sentimental" and "too sentimental."

The artist may feel justified in thinking that he is successful. But it is one thing to achieve success, and another thing to remain successful. For under Communism a work may be great

and still, the author will probably make a public declaration that he was misguided and sit down to rewrite the piece in more "acceptable" lines.

This may sound very exaggerated, but it isn't. Last July a poem entitled "Love the Ukraine" by the popular poet Sosyura, was criticised for describing the natural beauties of "the eternal Ukraine" rather than "the Ukraine of the new Soviet Union, and for failing to refer to the Socialist Motherland, or to express the Soviet people's hatred of the enemy."

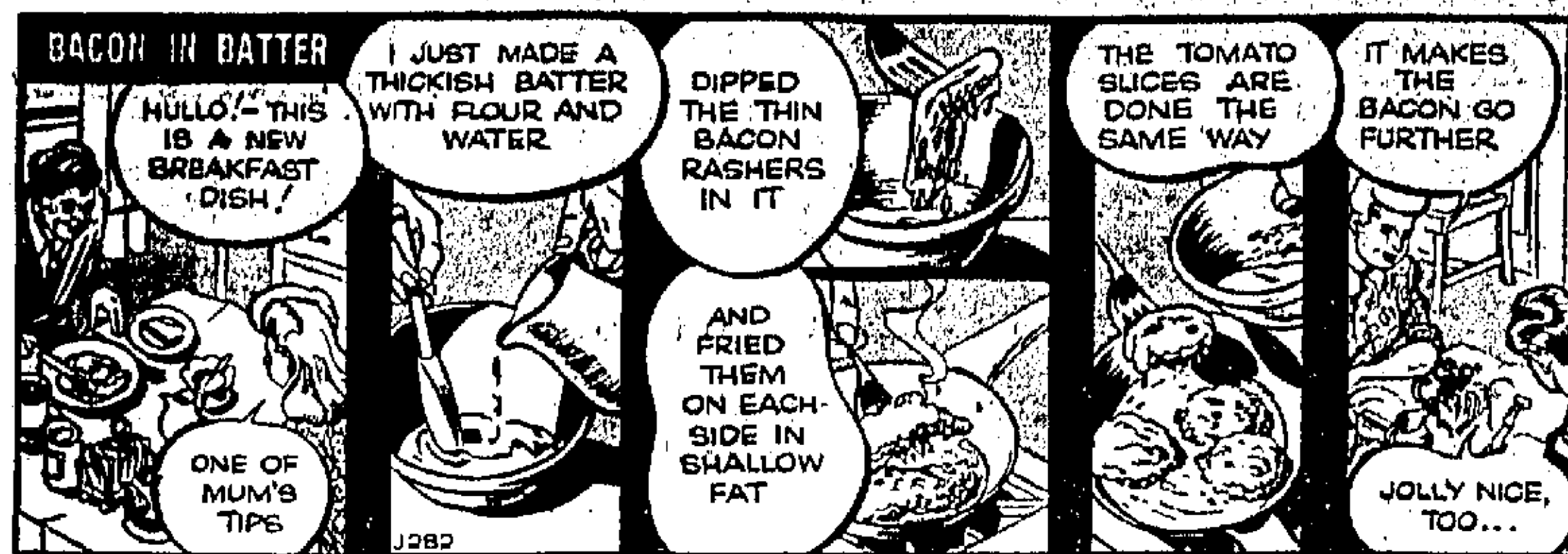
★

Earlier this year Pravda launched an attack on the opera "With all My Heart" (it was a work based on a book by Maiev, which had won a Stalin prize, and the music was composed by the Ukrainian composer Zhelezovsky who, two days before he received a Stalin award, had been criticised for "bourgeois nationalism"). The work, it was said, was "too sentimental" and "too sentimental."

The artist may feel justified in thinking that he is successful. But it is one thing to achieve success, and another thing to remain successful. For under Communism a work may be great



## WOMANSENSE



## A CAREER GIRL'S BEAUTY PROPS

THE career girl has to make a new face for herself before she trots out to luncheon and when she fares forth after the day's work is done. If she isn't fussy about her beauty props they may be kicking around in a desk drawer. If she has an orderly mind, it is neat and tidy, she will have a refresher-kit that looks very much like a purse or handbag that she can take with her to the rest room.

By HELEN FOLLETT

When she gets a bit weary as the afternoon goes by, a dab of its refreshing scent will give her a lift.

OFTEN a woman's smile will be self-conscious and strained because her teeth do not qualify in colour or character. Some dentists claim that some women

think nothing of spending plenty of money for cosmetics and beauty treatments but economize on professional care of their teeth. Seems senseless.

Healthy teeth and gums contribute to general health. If there is any sensitive spot in the mouth, food is not chewed properly, nutrition is not what it should be. There should be two visits a year to the dentist's office even if you are unaware of oral troubles. He may catch little cavities when they are young, save you time, trouble and money.

## UNUSUAL



A smart winter coat, with an unusual collar style by Germaine Lecomte of Paris. It is in two shades of red and has large sleeves and pockets.

## CASUAL BRUSHING

Casual brushing morning and night is not enough. Teeth should be brushed until they shine. Bacteria is ever present in the mouth and a prolonged brushing will reduce the count as much as fifty percent. It will also promote a sweet breath, and that is important. An antiseptic wash should be used to flush away foreign matter loosened by the bristles of the brush.

If you must use dental floss, use it before the brushing, not afterwards. Select a brush that is small with bristles of different lengths set in groups. See that you treat the sides of your teeth, the inner and biting surfaces.

If the gums are pale and weak, dip your finger in a dentifrice and massage them lightly to stir up the blood streams. Gums may be in a wasted condition because tartar has collected under them. These barnacle-like growths cannot be removed by the brush; only the instruments of the dentist will dislodge them.

As for dentifrices, there are numerous and varied types—creams, pastes, liquids and powders. You pay your money and you take your choice. Some dentists claim that it is best to apply these cleaning agents to a dry brush. That means that two brushes are necessary. Be sure to rinse brushes carefully after using and throw them away when the bristles weaken.

## TIGER CLAWS IN HER EARS



Mrs. Anese Rashid from India, pictured in London

A TIGER hunting beauty from India visited London for the first time: Mrs. Anese Rashid, wife of Mr. Said Ahmed Rashid, a business man. She wore a fly-fishing hat. In her ears were two tiger claws mounted in gold.

The claws are trophies from one of the 80 tigers shot by her husband. In one of her homes in India and Pakistan she has a carpet covering a big room, made entirely of tiger skins shot by her husband.

Her first and only tiger was shot from a howdah after her marriage two years ago.

She is a dark-eyed, good-looking, graceful woman in the middle twenties. She has an infant daughter, so tiger-shooting is left to her husband.

Mrs. Rashid wore her hair wound on top of her head. She had a large ring with an R engraved on its square face. Around her neck was a multiple band of pearls with gold and sapphire clasps.

She brought many Eastern gowns, but most of her jewels had to stay at home. The Indian Government limit the value of diamonds taken out of the country except by diplomats.

One of her interests is racing. Bucephalus, one of her husband's horses, won the Indian Derby in Bombay.

(London Express Service)

## Water-foods Can Be Appetising

BY IDA BAILY ALLEN

"THE term 'water-foods' originated during World War II, in the Quartermaster Department, which purchases all food for the armed forces. Water-foods include fish of all kinds, salt water, fresh water and shellfish, and the meaning could well be expanded to include various seaweeds and mosses that grow in salt water, as well as water chestnuts, cress and other foods that may be grown in fresh water. It is, of course, the animal water-foods that supply protein, observed our luncheon host, President of the Fisheries Institute.

"Agriculturists have estimated," he continued, "that it would take the year's crops of 2 1/2 acres of land to feed each person in the world adequately every day. This amount cannot be produced, for the world's population is constantly increasing, while the soil, through erosion, is constantly decreasing. But there's nothing to worry about," he added comfortingly, "there's plenty of water-food in the ocean. Researchers from the University of Washington report one section in the Pacific alone that has enough protein in the form of fish to feed the world.

## Major Item

"In most foreign countries fish is a major item in the diet. But in America, not nearly enough is used to help meet the protein needs of the people. What do you think can be done about this, Mrs. Allen?"

"I am sure that homemakers will buy and use more fish when they realize it can be cooked by the same methods used for meat. The Chef and I will be glad to feature some of these methods in my columns. In each menu for the week, we will present a fish main dish, with meat as an alternate. Both foods will be equally appetising, easy to prepare and have similar protein values."

## Dinner

Chilled Grapefruit (Tinned)  
Baked Fish Fillets  
Oven-Baked Pork Steaks with Tomato Baked Topping  
Piquant Cream Sauce  
Large Mixed Cooked Vegetable Salads  
Deep Dish Cherry Pie  
Hot or Iced Coffee or Tea Milk  
All Measurements Are Level  
Recipes Serve Four

## Fish Fillets with Tomato Bread Topping

Place 1 lb. any kind of fish fillets (fresh or frozen), in a well-oiled low casserole or baking dish. Dust with salt and pepper. Cover with Tomato Bread Topping. Bake in a moderate oven, 375 F., for 45 min. if fresh, 60 min. if frozen. Bake 3 times with 2 tbsp. butter, margarine or bacon drippings, melted in 1/4 c. hot water.

Tomato Bread Topping. Add 1 cup; each minced onion and parsley. Slowly saute 2 min. Add 2 c. stale (not dry) bread crumbs, saute and mix until golden. Add 1 c. solid-pack (thinned) tomatoes, 1/4 tsp. salt, and 1/4 tsp. each pepper and oregano.

Trick of the Chef To make plain white sauce piquant. Add a little onion juice and nutmeg.

## DUMB-BELLS



## JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Here's A Good Hand Played Very Smartly

NORTH		EAST (D)	
♠ 852		♠ A Q J 9 8 4	
♥ 8 7 5 2		♥ K J 4	
♦ 7 3 2		♦ A 3	
♣ 7		♣ A 10 8 8 5	
WEST		SOUTH	
♠ K 10 7 3		♠ 9 8 4	
♥ 10 3		♥ None	
♦ K 10 8		♦ A 8 5	
♣ K J 9 2		♣ A 10 8 8 5	

Neither side vul.  
East South West North  
1 ♠ 2 ♣ Double Pass  
Pass Pass  
Opening lead—♥ 10

By OSWALD JACOBY

SUPPOSE your partner opens the bidding with one of a suit, and the next player makes an overcall. What should you hold to double that overcall for penalties? Assuming that you double, what course should your partner adopt?

Let's take the double first. When you double an overcall of two diamonds or less you can afford to take chances. Even if the double is made, the opponents will not score a game. The misfire costs you very little.

When you double a contract of two hearts or more, you must be fairly sure that you can set it. Otherwise your double gives the enemy a game that they were not entitled to. That sort of misfire is quite expensive.

In the hand shown today West makes a very light double of two clubs. It goes well he expects to win three club tricks and perhaps just one of his side kings. His partner should be able to win three defensive tricks, since he has made an opening bid. Hence if all goes well the contract should be set two tricks with seven defensive tricks.

This type of double is highly cooperative. East is expected to pass if he can help defend against two clubs. East is expected to bid again if his hand is badly equipped for defensive play against two clubs.

In this case East need not disturb the double and a sound opening bid. The two clubs are vital because they make it possible for East to lead trumps if that seems a good idea during the play, and the more trumps there are in the East hand the fewer are available to North and South.

When this hand was played, West opened the ten of hearts, dummy and East played low, and South ruffed. Declarer led the ace and another diamond, and East returned a trump. South finessed the ten, and West won with the jack. East ruffed.

West returned another heart, and South had to ruff again. He led a third diamond to West's king, and West returned a spade. East took the ace and then the queen of spades, after which he laid down the ace of hearts. South ruffed and West over-ruffed. Now West took the king of spades and exited with his last spade, after which he was bound to make another trump trick.

East and West collected 500 points. They could have made a game if no-trump, but were well satisfied with the result.

## CARD SENSE

The bidding has been:  
South: West: North: East:  
1 Spade Pass 3 Diamonds Pass

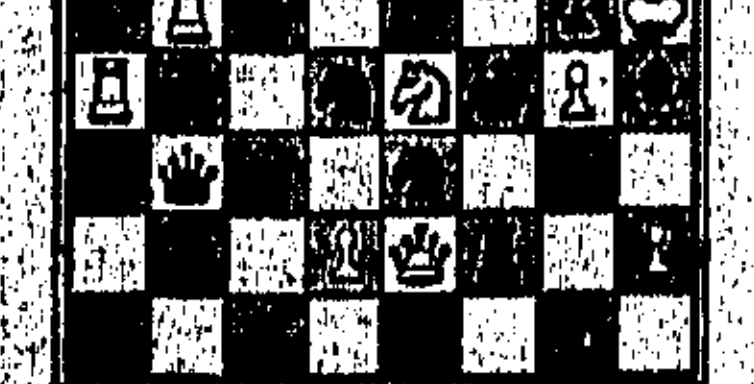
You, South, hold: Spades A-Q-J-7-6-5-4-3-2. Hearts 9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2. Diamonds 9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2. Clubs 8-4-3-2-1. This is a very strong hand, but merely indicates that you have a rebidtable suit. The strength of the hand is in the spades, which are the only part of your hand worth talking about.

## TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spades A-Q-J-7-6-5-4-3-2. Hearts A-Q-8-7-6-5-4-3-2. Clubs A-4-3-2-1. Diamonds 9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2. Answer tomorrow.

## CHESS PROBLEM

By J. B. SANTIAGO Black, 9 pieces.



White, 10 pieces.  
White to play, mate in two.  
Solution: 1. ♖f4 ♗f6 2. ♔e5 ♗g5 3. ♔d6 ♗h4 4. ♔c7 ♗g3 5. ♔b8 ♗f2 6. ♔a7 ♗e1 7. ♔a8 ♗d2 8. ♔b7 ♗c3 9. ♔c6 ♗b4 10. ♔d5 ♗a3 11. ♔e4 ♗b4 12. ♔f3 ♗c3 13. ♔g2 ♗d3 14. ♔h1 ♗e3 15. ♔g1 ♗f3 16. ♔f2 ♗g3 17. ♔e3 ♗h4 18. ♔d4 ♗g5 19. ♔c5 ♗f6 20. ♔b6 ♗e7 21. ♔a7 ♗d8 22. ♔b8 ♗c9 23. ♔c9 ♗b8 24. ♔d8 ♗a7 25. ♔e7 ♗b6 26. ♔f6 ♗c5 27. ♔g5 ♗d4 28. ♔h4 ♗e3 29. ♔g3 ♗f2 30. ♔f2 ♗g3 31. ♔e3 ♗h4 32. ♔d4 ♗g5 33. ♔c5 ♗f6 34. ♔b6 ♗e7 35. ♔a7 ♗d8 36. ♔b8 ♗c9 37. ♔c9 ♗b8 38. ♔d8 ♗a7 39. ♔e7 ♗b6 40. ♔f6 ♗c5 41. ♔g5 ♗d4 42. ♔h4 ♗e3 43. ♔g3 ♗f2 44. ♔f2 ♗g3 45. ♔e3 ♗h4 46. ♔d4 ♗g5 47. ♔c5 ♗f6 48. ♔b6 ♗e7 49. ♔a7 ♗d8 50. ♔b8 ♗c9 51. ♔c9 ♗b8 52. ♔d8 ♗a7 53. ♔e7 ♗b6 54. ♔f6 ♗c5 55. ♔g5 ♗d4 56. ♔h4 ♗e3 57. ♔g3 ♗f2 58. ♔f2 ♗g3 59. ♔e3 ♗h4 60. ♔d4 ♗g5 61. ♔c5 ♗f6 62. ♔b6 ♗e7 63. ♔a7 ♗d8 64. ♔b8 ♗c9 65. ♔c9 ♗b8 66. ♔d8 ♗a7 67. ♔e7 ♗b6 68. ♔f6 ♗c5 69. ♔g5 ♗d4 70. ♔h4 ♗e3 71. ♔g3 ♗f2 72. ♔f2 ♗g3 73. ♔e3 ♗h4 74. ♔d4 ♗g5 75. ♔c5 ♗f6 76. ♔b6 ♗e7 77. ♔a7 ♗d8 78. ♔b8 ♗c9 79. ♔c9 ♗b8 80. ♔d8 ♗a7 81. ♔e7 ♗b6 82. ♔f6 ♗c5 83. ♔g5 ♗d4 84. ♔h4 ♗e3 85. ♔g3 ♗f2 86. ♔f2 ♗g3 87. ♔e3 ♗h4 88. ♔d4 ♗g5 89. ♔c5 ♗f6 90. ♔b6 ♗e7 91. ♔a7 ♗d8 92. ♔b8 ♗c9 93. ♔c9 ♗b8 94. ♔d8 ♗a7 95. ♔e7 ♗b6 96. ♔f6 ♗c5 97. ♔g5 ♗d4 98. ♔h4 ♗e3 99. ♔g3 ♗f2 100. ♔f2 ♗g3 101. ♔e3 ♗h4 102. ♔d4 ♗g5 103. ♔c5 ♗f6 104. ♔b6 ♗e7 105. ♔a7 ♗d8 106. ♔b8 ♗c9 107. ♔c9 ♗b8 108. ♔d8 ♗a7 109. ♔e7 ♗b6 110. ♔f6 ♗c5 111. ♔g5 ♗d4 112. ♔h4 ♗e3 113. ♔g3 ♗f2 114. ♔f2 ♗g3 115. ♔e3 ♗h4 116. ♔d4 ♗g5 117. ♔c5 ♗f6 118. ♔b6 ♗e7 119. ♔a7 ♗d8 120. ♔b8 ♗c9 121. ♔c9 ♗b8 122. ♔d8 ♗a7 123. ♔e7 ♗b6 124. ♔f6 ♗c5 125. ♔g5 ♗d4 126. ♔h4 ♗e3 127. ♔g3 ♗f2 128. ♔f2 ♗g3 129. ♔e3 ♗h4 130. ♔d4 ♗g5 131. ♔c5 ♗f6 132. ♔b6 ♗e7 133. ♔a7 ♗d8 134. ♔b8 ♗c9 135. ♔c9 ♗b8 136. ♔d8 ♗a7 137. ♔e7 ♗b6 138. ♔f6 ♗c5 139. ♔g5 ♗d4 140. ♔h4 ♗e3 141. ♔g3 ♗f2 142. ♔f2 ♗g3 143. ♔e3 ♗h4 144. ♔d4 ♗g5 145. ♔c5 ♗f6 146. ♔b6 ♗e7 147. ♔a7 ♗d8 148. ♔b8 ♗c9 149. ♔c9 ♗b8 150. ♔d8 ♗a7 151. ♔e7 ♗b6 152. ♔f6 ♗c5 153. ♔g5 ♗d4 154. ♔h4 ♗e3 155. ♔g3 ♗f2 156. ♔f2 ♗g3 157. ♔e3 ♗h4 158. ♔d4 ♗g5 159. ♔c5 ♗f6 160. ♔b6 ♗e7 161. ♔a7 ♗d8 162. ♔b8 ♗c9 163. ♔c9 ♗b8 164. ♔d8 ♗a7 165. ♔e7 ♗b6 166. ♔f6 ♗c5 167. ♔g5 ♗d4 168. ♔h4 ♗e3 169. ♔g3 ♗f2 170. ♔f2 ♗g3 171. ♔e3 ♗h4 172. ♔d4 ♗g5 173. ♔c5 ♗f6 174. ♔b6 ♗e7 175. ♔a7 ♗d8 176. ♔b8 ♗c9 177. ♔c9 ♗b8 178. ♔d8 ♗a7 179. ♔e7 ♗b6 180. ♔f6 ♗c5 181. ♔g5 ♗d4 182. ♔h4 ♗e3 183. ♔g3 ♗f2 184. ♔f2 ♗g3 185. ♔e3 ♗h4 186. ♔d4 ♗g5 187. ♔c5 ♗f6 188. ♔b6 ♗e7 189. ♔a7 ♗d8 190. ♔b8 ♗c9 191. ♔c9 ♗b8 192. ♔d8 ♗a7 193. ♔e7 ♗b6 194. ♔f6 ♗c5 195. ♔g5 ♗d4 196. ♔h4 ♗e3 197. ♔g3 ♗f2 198. ♔f2 ♗g3 199. ♔e3 ♗h4 200. ♔d4 ♗g5 201. ♔c5 ♗f6 202. ♔b6 ♗e7 203. ♔a7 ♗d8 204. ♔b8 ♗c9 205. ♔c9 ♗b8 206. ♔d8 ♗a7 207. ♔e7 ♗b6 208. ♔f6 ♗c5 209. ♔g5 ♗d4 210. ♔h4 ♗e3 211. ♔g3 ♗f2 212. ♔f2 ♗g3 213. ♔e3 ♗h4 214. ♔d4 ♗g5 215. ♔c5 ♗f6 216. ♔b6 ♗e7 217. ♔a7 ♗d8 218. ♔b8 ♗c9 219. ♔c9 ♗b8 220. ♔d8 ♗a7 221. ♔e7 ♗b6 222. ♔f6 ♗c5 223. ♔g5 ♗d4 224. ♔h4 ♗e3 225. ♔g3 ♗f2 226. ♔f2 ♗g3 227. ♔e3 ♗h4 228. ♔d4 ♗g5 229. ♔c5 ♗f6 230. ♔b6 ♗e7 231. ♔a7 ♗d8 232. ♔b8 ♗c9 233. ♔c9 ♗b8 234. ♔d8 ♗a7 235. ♔e7 ♗b6 236. ♔f6 ♗c5 237. ♔g5 ♗d4 238. ♔h4 ♗e3 239. ♔g3 ♗f2 240. ♔f2 ♗g3 241. ♔e3 ♗h4 242. ♔d4 ♗g5 243. ♔c5 ♗f6 244. ♔b6 ♗e7 245. ♔a7 ♗d8 246. ♔b8 ♗c9 247. ♔c9 ♗b8 248. ♔d8 ♗a7 249. ♔e7 ♗b6 250. ♔f6 ♗c5 251. ♔g5 ♗d4 252. ♔h4 ♗e3 253. ♔g3 ♗f2 254. ♔f2 ♗g3 255. ♔e3 ♗h4 256. ♔d4 ♗g5 257. ♔c5 ♗f6 258. ♔b6 ♗e7 259. ♔a7 ♗d8 260. ♔b8 ♗c9 261. ♔c9 ♗b8 262. ♔d8 ♗a7 263. ♔e7 ♗b6 264. ♔f6 ♗c5 265. ♔g5 ♗d4 266. ♔h4 ♗e3 267. ♔g3 ♗f2 268. ♔f2 ♗g3 269. ♔e3 ♗h4 270. ♔d4 ♗g5 271. ♔c5 ♗f6 272. ♔b6 ♗e7 273. ♔a7 ♗d8 274. ♔b8 ♗c9 275. ♔c9 ♗b8 276. ♔d8 ♗a7 277. ♔e7 ♗b6 278. ♔f6 ♗c5 279. ♔g5 ♗d4 280. ♔h4 ♗e3 281. ♔g3 ♗f2 282. ♔f2 ♗g3 283. ♔e3 ♗h4 284. ♔d4 ♗g5 285. ♔c5 ♗f6 286. ♔b6 ♗e7 287. ♔a7 ♗d8 288. ♔b8 ♗c9 289. ♔c9 ♗b8 290. ♔d8 ♗a7 291. ♔e7 ♗b6 292. ♔f6 ♗c5 293. ♔g5 ♗d4 294. ♔h4 ♗e3 295. ♔g3 ♗f2 296. ♔f2 ♗g3 297. ♔e3 ♗h4 298. ♔d4 ♗g5 299. ♔c5 ♗f6 300. ♔b6 ♗e7 301. ♔a7 ♗d8 302. ♔b8 ♗c9 303. ♔c9 ♗b8 304. ♔d8 ♗a7 305. ♔e7 ♗b6 306. ♔f6 ♗c5 307. ♔g5 ♗d4 308. ♔h4 ♗e3 309. ♔g3 ♗f2 310. ♔f2 ♗g3 311. ♔e3 ♗h4 312. ♔d4 ♗g5 313. ♔c5 ♗f6 314. ♔b6 ♗e7 315. ♔a7 ♗d8 316. ♔b8 ♗c9 317. ♔c9 ♗b8 318. ♔d8 ♗a7 319. ♔e7 ♗b6 320. ♔f6 ♗c5 321. ♔g5 ♗d4 322. ♔h4 ♗e3 323. ♔g3 ♗f2 324. ♔f2 ♗g3 325. ♔e3 ♗h4 326. ♔d4 ♗g5 327. ♔c5 ♗f6 328. ♔b6 ♗e7 329. ♔a7 ♗d8 330. ♔b8 ♗c9 331. ♔c9 ♗b8 332. ♔d8 ♗a7 333. ♔e7 ♗b6 334. ♔f6 ♗c5 335. ♔g5 ♗d4 336. ♔h4 ♗e3 337. ♔g3 ♗f2 338. ♔f2 ♗g3 339. ♔e3 ♗h4 340. ♔d4 ♗g5 341. ♔c5 ♗f6 342. ♔b6 ♗e7 343. ♔a7 ♗d8 344. ♔b8 ♗c9 345. ♔c9 ♗b8 346. ♔d8 ♗a7 347. ♔e7 ♗b6 348. ♔f6 ♗c5 349. ♔g5 ♗d4 350. ♔h4 ♗e3 351. ♔g3 ♗f2 352. ♔f2 ♗g3 353. ♔e3 ♗h4 354. ♔d4 ♗g5 355. ♔c5 ♗f6 356. ♔b6 ♗e7 357. ♔a7 ♗d8 358. ♔b8 ♗c9 359. ♔c9 ♗b8 360. ♔d8 ♗a7 361. ♔e7 ♗b6 362. ♔f6 ♗c5 363. ♔g5 ♗d4 364. ♔h4 ♗e3 365. ♔g3 ♗f2 366. ♔f2 ♗g3 367. ♔e3 ♗h4 368. ♔d4 ♗g5 369. ♔c5 ♗f6 370. ♔b6 ♗e7 371. ♔a7 ♗d8 372. ♔b8 ♗c9 373. ♔c9 ♗b8 374. ♔d8 ♗a7 375. ♔e7 ♗b6 376. ♔f6 ♗c5 377. ♔g5 ♗d4 378. ♔h4 ♗e3 379. ♔g3 ♗f2 380. ♔f2 ♗g3 381. ♔e3 ♗h4 382. ♔d4 ♗g5 383. ♔c5 ♗f6 384. ♔b6 ♗e7 385. ♔a7 ♗d8 386. ♔b8 ♗c9 387. ♔c9 ♗b8 388. ♔d8 ♗a7 389. ♔e7 ♗b6 390. ♔f6 ♗c5 391. ♔g5 ♗d4 392. ♔h4 ♗e3 393. ♔g3 ♗f2 394. ♔f2 ♗g3 395. ♔e3 ♗h4 396. ♔d4 ♗g5 397. ♔c5 ♗f6 398. ♔b6 ♗e7 399. ♔a7 ♗d8 400. ♔b8 ♗c9 401. ♔c9 ♗b8 402. ♔d8 ♗a7 403. ♔e7 ♗b6 404. ♔f6 ♗c5 405. ♔g5 ♗d4 406. ♔h4 ♗e3 407. ♔g3 ♗f2 408. ♔f2 ♗g3 409. ♔e3 ♗h4 410. ♔d4 ♗g5 411. ♔c5 ♗f6 412. ♔b6 ♗e7 413. ♔a7 ♗d8 414. ♔b8 ♗c9 415. ♔c9 ♗b8 416. ♔d8 ♗a7 417. ♔e7 ♗b6 418. ♔f6 ♗c5 419. ♔g5 ♗d4 420. ♔h4 ♗e3 421. ♔g3 ♗f2 422. ♔f2 ♗g3 423. ♔e3 ♗h4 424. ♔d4 ♗g5 425. ♔c5 ♗f6 426. ♔b6 ♗e7 427. ♔a7 ♗d8 428. ♔b8 ♗c9 429. ♔c9 ♗b8 430. ♔d8 ♗a7 431. ♔e7 ♗b6 432. ♔f6 ♗c5 433. ♔g5 ♗d4 434. ♔h4 ♗e3 435. ♔g3 ♗f2 436. ♔f2 ♗g3 437. ♔e3 ♗h4 438. ♔d4 ♗g5 439. ♔c5 ♗f6 440. ♔b6 ♗e7 441. ♔a7 ♗d8 442. ♔b8 ♗c9 443. ♔c9 ♗b8 444. ♔d8 ♗a7 445. ♔e7 ♗b6 446. ♔f6 ♗c5 447. ♔g5 ♗d4 448. ♔h4 ♗e3 449. ♔g3 ♗f2 450. ♔f2 ♗g3 451. ♔e3 ♗h4 452. ♔d4 ♗g5 453. ♔c5 ♗f6 454. ♔b6 ♗e7 455. ♔a7 ♗d8 456. ♔b8 ♗c9 457. ♔c9 ♗b8 458. ♔d8 ♗a7 459. ♔e7 ♗b6 460. ♔f6 ♗c5 461. ♔g5 ♗d4 462. ♔h4 ♗e3 463. ♔g3 ♗f2 464. ♔f2 ♗g3 465. ♔e3 ♗h4 466. ♔d4 ♗g5 467. ♔c5 ♗f6 468. ♔b6 ♗e7 469. ♔a7 ♗d8 470. ♔b8 ♗c9 471. ♔c9 ♗b8 472. ♔d8 ♗a7 473. ♔e7 ♗b6 474. ♔f6 ♗c5 475. ♔g5 ♗d4 476. ♔h4 ♗e3 477. ♔g3 ♗f2 478. ♔f2 ♗g3 479. ♔e3 ♗h4 480. ♔d4 ♗g5 481. ♔c5 ♗f6 482. ♔b6 ♗e7 483. ♔a7 ♗d8 484. ♔b8 ♗c9 485. ♔c9 ♗b8 486. ♔d8 ♗a7 487. ♔e7 ♗b6 488. ♔f6 ♗c5 489. ♔g5 ♗d4 490. ♔h4 ♗e3 491. ♔g3 ♗f2 492. ♔f2 ♗g3 493. ♔e3 ♗h4 494. ♔d4 ♗g5 495. ♔c5 ♗f6 496. ♔b6 ♗e7 497. ♔a7 ♗d8 498. ♔b8 ♗c9 499. ♔c9 ♗b8 500. ♔d8 ♗a7 501. ♔e7 ♗b6 502. ♔f6 ♗c5 503. ♔g5 ♗d4 504. ♔h4 ♗e3 505. ♔g3 ♗f2 506. ♔f2 ♗g3 507. ♔e3 ♗h4 508. ♔d4 ♗g5 509. ♔c5 ♗f6 510. ♔b6 ♗e7 511. ♔a7 ♗d8 512. ♔b8 ♗c9 513. ♔c9 ♗b8 514. ♔d8 ♗a7 515. ♔e7 ♗b6 516. ♔f6 ♗c5 517. ♔g5 ♗d4 518. ♔h4 ♗e3 519. ♔g3 ♗f2 520. ♔f2 ♗g3 521. ♔e3 ♗h4 522. ♔d4 ♗g5 523. ♔c5 ♗f6 524. ♔b6 ♗e7 525. ♔a7 ♗d8 526. ♔b8 ♗c9 527. ♔c9 ♗b8 528. ♔d8 ♗a7 529. ♔e7 ♗b6 530. ♔f6 ♗c5 531. ♔g5 ♗d4 532. ♔h4 ♗e3 533. ♔g3 ♗f2 534. ♔f2 ♗g3 535. ♔e3 ♗h4 536. ♔d4 ♗g5 537. ♔c5 ♗f6 538. ♔b6 ♗e7 539. ♔a7 ♗d8 540. ♔b8 ♗c9 541. ♔c9 ♗b8 542. ♔d8 ♗a7 543. ♔e7 ♗b6 544. ♔f6 ♗c5 545. ♔g5 ♗d4 546. ♔h4 ♗e3 547. ♔g3 ♗f2 548. ♔f2 ♗g3 549. ♔e3 ♗h4 550. ♔d4 ♗g5 551. ♔c5 ♗



# GOOD FOOTBALL DESPITE DISMAL CONDITIONS

## Rest Beat Combined Services In Poppy Day Fund Match

By "SPIV"

As expected, the Combined Services, without the four Army stalwarts, Tennuci, Etheridge, Davey and Higgins, went down to a strong Rest of the Colony XI by seven goals to three in the Annual Poppy Day soccer match yesterday.

Only a small crowd was present at this match, the inclement weather and the line-ups being undoubtedly the main contributory factors to the poor attendance.

A waterlogged pitch made it extremely difficult for any constructive football, and both sides must be congratulated for the comparatively good performance under the circumstances.

The Services put up a plucky display for three-quarters of the play and for a moment at the beginning of the second half looked as if they were going to repeat the feat of Army's recent upset win over South China.

Two goals were scored in quick succession, narrowing their deficit from 1-4 to 3-4. A penalty awarded against them in the 18th minute of the second half, however, broke up the Services' resistance, and two further goals were added by the Rest team before the final whistle blew.

Services would have gone down by a wider margin, but for the good work done by their defence. Conspicuously brilliant was their goalkeeper Gammion, who saved at least five almost certain goals.

Kirkland at left back and the two halves, Wilson and York, were constantly in the picture in the defence.

Prominent in the Rest of the Colony team were Hau Yung-sang at right-back and Ng Kei-cheung at centre-half. The forwards with the exception of the left flank combination of Mok Chun-wah and Au Chi-yin, from whom most of the goals came, did not get going until towards the end.

The Rest opened the scoring in the 12th minute of play after fairly even exchanges. A good square pass by Au Chi-yin was well converted by Lee Tai-fai.

The Services equalised three minutes later when Hilliard headed the ball past Yue Yui-tak. The Rest had more of the play after this goal and in the 25th minute went ahead with a penalty.

Shortly before the interval, Au Chi-yin raced through to beat Gammion and give his side a first-half lead of 3-1.

Within four minutes of the resumption of the second half Services narrowed down their deficit to 2-3. From a corner kick taken by Hurley, the ball was headed goalwards by Hardman and Hilliard ran in to put the ball past the goalie with a good header.

Immediately after, the Services got their next goal when Wilson crashed in a rising shot from a pass off Hardman.

Some exciting play was witnessed at this stage until Au Chi-yin was brought down at the mouth of the Services' goal.

Lee Tai-fai converted the kick to put the issue beyond doubt. Before the final whistle blew

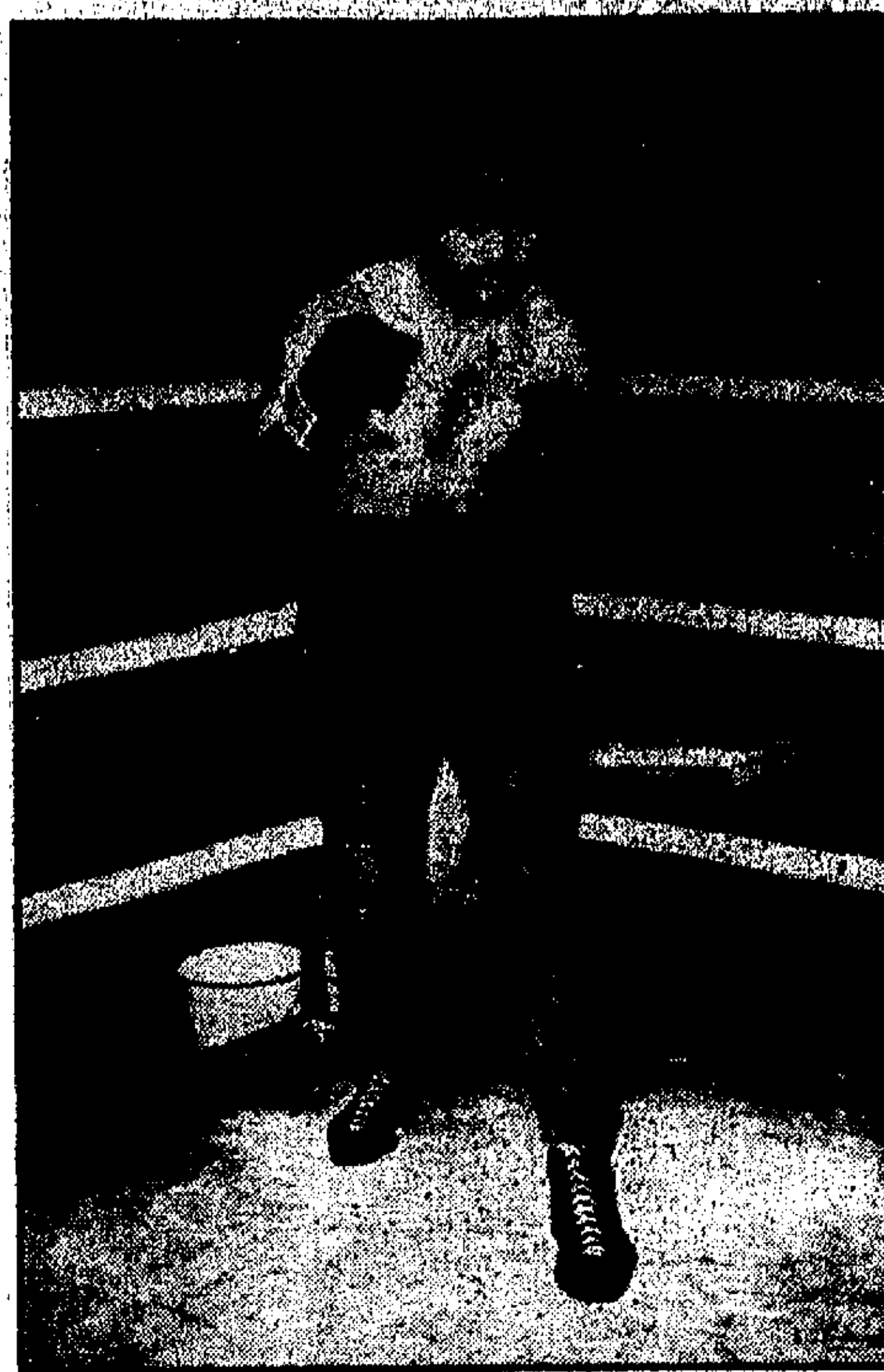
the Rest added further goals through Mok Chun-wah and Au Chi-yin to make the result 7-3.

### THE TEAMS

Combined Services—Gammion (RAF), Tomlinson, Kirkland (Army), Barnacle Barnes (RAF), York, Hurley, Hardman, Hilliard, Wilson, Turner (Army).

Rest of Colony—Yui Yui-tak, Hau Yung-sang (Sing Tao), Lai Wai (Police), Miedo (St. Joseph), Ng Kei-cheung (KMB), Tong Shueung (South China), Ho Ying-fun, Chang Kam-hoi (Sing Tao), Lee Tai-fai (KMB), Au Chi-yin (Police), Mok Chun-wah (South China).

## FIGHTING TODAY



Dave Sands, Australian holder of the Empire Middleweight title, will fight Yolande Pompee of Trinidad today.—Central Press Photo.

## Form In NSW And Victorian Tennis Championships Will Be Closely Watched

Sydney, Nov. 12.  
Form displayed by the U.S. Swedish and Australian Davis Cup players in the New South Wales and Victorian Championships this month will be closely watched.

It will be a good indication which way the wind blows for the Davis Cup inter-zone and challenge rounds in December.

The NSW and Victorian championships rate high in Australian tennis. Standard of play this year will be even higher with the entry of American and Swedish players in the matches.

The NSW titles will be played at White City, Sydney, from Nov. 15-24. The Victorian matches will be played at Kooyong, Melbourne, from Nov. 29 to Dec. 8.

Both series will be "near-Wimbledon" and American tournament standard tennis, according to Cliff E. Sproule—selected as referee for the 1951 Challenge Round.

Sproule has been abroad with four Davis Cup teams—as a player in 1932, 1936 and 1937, and as manager in 1949.

### CHANCE TO WARM UP

For the visiting Davis Cuppers, the Sydney and Melbourne contests will give a chance to warm up and get used to Australian conditions. They also will sample some of the up-and-coming new tennis blood in this country.

For the Aussies, the State Championships are just as important. Davis Cup selectors will watch their men closely to pick the Australian team for the five matches that will decide whether the Cup stays "down under" or goes away.

Both Frank Sedgman and Ken McGregor are virtually certain for the 1951 Cup team. Both have first-class records as singles players and as a doubles pair took five world titles last year.

Left-hander Mervyn Rose, who played on last year's Cup team, will play his best in the state titles to stay on the team.

Billy Sidwell and Geoff Brown, members of the "old brigade", will also drive hard for a berth on the team.

### NOTICE

#### THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the 11th Race Meeting to be held on Saturday 24th November, 1951, (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Telephone House, the Club House, Happy Valley, and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday 16th November, 1951.

By Order,  
H. MISA,  
Secretary.

## THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB ELEVENTH RACE MEETING

Saturday, 24th November, 1951

There are 8 races. The First Race will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through Tickets (8 Races—\$16.00) may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office of the Secretaries, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also tickets for the Cash Sweep on the last race of the Meeting as well as the Special Cash Sweep on the "Pearce Memorial Cup" 1952.

Through Tickets reserved for this Meeting but not paid for by 10.00 a.m. on Friday 23rd November, will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future meetings.

To avoid congestion at the Club's Office at Telephone House, non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at the Club's Branch Offices at—

5 D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong  
382 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

### TOTALISATOR

Dividends will be paid on the winning and placed ponies so declared by the Stewards when the "All Clear" is given. The "All Clear" signal will be indicated by a white light and/or a white sphere at the Totalisator Tower. BACKERS ARE ADVISED NOT TO DESTROY OR THROW AWAY THEIR TICKETS UNTIL AFTER THE "ALL CLEAR" SIGNAL HAS BEEN EXHIBITED. Attention is drawn to Rule 23 of the Totalisator Rules which reads as follows:—

In no circumstances will any dividends be paid or refunds made unless a ticket is produced. Payment will not be made on torn or disfigured tickets.

### MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 including tax, for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary at Telephone House, on the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all chits, etc.

Only a limited number of badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Branch Offices and the Secretaries' Comptroller Office will close at 11.00 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. The Treasurer's Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office are situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

### PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

### SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to ensure their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stables.

Owing to the congestion in the Members' Betting Hall and at Booths adjacent to Boxes in the Ciffo Room, Box-holders and Members are requested to ensure that their servants make use only of the Public Betting Hall. Military Police will be posted at various points in the enclosure to ensure that this regulation is adhered to.

By Order,  
H. MISA,  
Secretary.

## The Club Pack More Than Held Their Own In Sunday's Match With The Rest

Says "HANLINCODE"

The challenge game played on Saturday afternoon at the Club Ground, Happy Valley, between the Club XV and the Rest of the Colony XV was witnessed by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, and Lady Grantham and a good crowd of spectators.

His Excellency was introduced to the players by Sir Arthur Morse and the respective captains, Forsgate of the Club and Jones who led the Rest.

All day the rain had fallen steadily until just before the game commenced, when it had subsided into a light drizzle. This raised the hopes of all concerned, for while it was realised that the ball would be greasy the thought of a good spectacular match had not been quite ruled out.

However, these hopes were soon to be dashed for the game had not gone far when the light drizzle turned into a downpour and spoilt whatever chance the match had of being an exhibition.

UPSET THE CRITICS  
This challenge match, expected by many to be a rather one-sided affair, and more or less a foregone conclusion, has certainly upset the critics of the Club. For while the Rest seemed to have a preponderance of talent, in the forward line anyway, the Club pack more than held their own.

In the rear, the Rest three, if they seemed to be the more polished, had not the tenacity of the Club three. In the play there was nothing to choose between the halves of both sides, all four passing handling and tackling well as the need arose.

For the Club, J. R. Henderson at full back was the player of the day. His handling and kicking of the greasy ball was one of the features of the afternoon, and his tackling, along with his positional play, was faultless. On this display alone he has made sure of his inclusion in the Japan tour. Loe, at full back for the Rest, also played a sound, steady game in what was a full back's nightmare.

The game opened with the Club in the attack and they

started with all the fire of old. It was evident right from then on that the Club had risen to the occasion once more, as their fans knew they would, with the oldest player and Craig, the newest, taking the honours.

Club was the first to score, when a try by Craig resulted from a set scrum close to the Rest's posts. Craig converted his own try to make the score Club 5, Rest 0.

The next score was a try by Kemp, the Rest scrum-half, and it also came from a set scrum. Kemp, upon getting the ball, raced round the open side to make a nice dash through on his own and touch down about ten yards from the post. Lattey made no mistake and this made the score equal at five points apiece.

After this the play consisted of forward rushes and kicks to touch until, from a set scrum, the Rest hooked beautifully to give Kemp chance of a long pass out. McNabb came racing over to make an extra man and away went the Rest in a perfect lineout. The ball travelled quickly to Slewin, who raced through the centre with the defence on the wrong foot to score the best try of the game. Unfortunately, it was not converted. The score—Club 5, Rest 8.

Shortly after this Craig kicked a penalty goal for the Club and once again the scores were equal. The next score was by Wynyard, again for the Club, and this was converted by Craig to make the score Club 13, Rest 8 at half-time.

### SECOND HALF

By this time the very heavy rain had made the pitch waterlogged and was making good football impossible, but both teams had put everything they knew into the play and it was not their fault that some very good moves came to naught.

It was veritably a battle of the giants and the forward play was of a very high standard, considering the water polo conditions.

When play resumed the Rest started with a bang that lasted for a long time. The Club, however, took it in their stride and came fighting back. The ding-dong struggle continued until Henderson passed to Slewin, who gave to English who touched down well out. Lattey missed the long awkward shot.

About this time Harley, the Club winger, had to leave the field owing to a knee injury. Craig next kicked a penalty for the Club and the score was Club 16, Rest 11.

The Club had been attacking for some time now and then the Rest seemed to pull some-thing out of the bag and they kept hammering away at the Club defences. It was at this period more than at any other that Club proved they had a fine defence, but it had to come and McNabb finally got over for a try in the corner. The kick was too much to expect.

Callover On The Manchester November H'cap

London, Nov. 12.  
Although Lord Erby's three-year-old colt Western Window was made the new favourite to win next Saturday's Manchester November Handicap at the Victoria Club callover here tonight, he was not the best backed horse.

Western Window, offered at 33 to one at the first callover, was the medium of some big wagers to become 10 to one favourite, but French Design, supported to take £20,000 out of the books, was in most demand.

Sixteen candidates in all received a quotation and closing offers were:

CLOSING OFFERS  
10 to 1 Western Window.  
100 to 1 French Design.  
100 to 1 Belsay Castle and Solar.

100 to 1 Sports Master, Royal Macclesfield and Clarendon Hill.  
20 to 1 Mid View, and Setare Andakian.  
20 to 1 Prestance.  
20 to 1 Topall, Highest and Gold Fever.

20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.

20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.

20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.  
20 to 1 Strathguy, Royal Roads and Gold Fever.

## Ceylon Invites Australian Cricketers

Melbourne, Nov. 12.

Lindsay Hassett, Australia's cricket captain and four other Test players may be invited to play for a combined eleven against the MCC in Ceylon from February 16 to 19 during the Royal tour.

The Ceylon Cricket Association said that they would like to invite five Test cricketers and named Hassett, Ian Johnson, William Johnstone, Neil Harvey and Ken Meulenman.

The Victorian Cricket Association tonight gave its blessing to the idea and the players chosen will fly to Ceylon.

The combined team will comprise players from India, Australia, New Zealand, Pakistan and Ceylon.—Reuter.

### MCC MEETING

London, Nov. 12.  
Arrangements for the four cricket tests between England and India next season will be the main item on the agenda for the meeting of the MCC Board of Control at Lord's tomorrow.

It is expected that the Committee will decide on the dates for the tests and the fact that the first test will be played at Lord's.

## J.P. Robinson Memorial Match

Despite the rain, the first cricket match for the J.P. Robinson Memorial trophy between the Over 40's and Under 40's of the Kowloon Cricket Club was played yesterday and resulted in a win for the younger men by seven wickets. Each side fielded only nine men.

Scores:				
Over 40's				
F.R. Kernan, lbw Dodge	18			
W.H.Z. Colledge, b Fraser	11			
W. Hart, b Dodge	11			
S.V. Gittins, retired	23			
E.C. Fincher, b Dodge	14			
D.G. White, not out	2			
M.A. Rae, b Lertou	15			
A.J. Catley, played on b Lertou	0			
C.W. Digby, b Lertou	0			
Extras	18			
Total (for 8 wickets)	101			

Bowling Analysis:				
	O	M	R	W
Sellors	3	0	11	1
Fraser	4	0	13	1
Lo	2	0	9	1
Dodge	4	0	12	3
Zimmerman	2	0	10	3
Lertou	16	0	10	3
Paperrill	1	0	3	1

Under 40's				
W.H. Cowie, c Rae, b Catley	0			
R.E. Lee, retired	0			
K. Lo, retired	20			
A. Zimmerman, not out	23			
J. Lertou, not out	23			
Extras	0			
Total (for 3 wickets)	107			

Bowling Analysis:				
	O	M	R	W
Catley	1	0	1	1
Lo	1	0	1	1
Fraser	1	0	1	1
Sellors	1	0	1	1



## SPORTS WRITERS PICK TOWEEL TO KEEP HIS TITLE

Johannesburg, Nov. 12.

South African sports writers today praised the punching power of the Spanish challenger, Luis Romero, but picked the World Bantamweight Champion, Vic Toweel of South Africa, to keep his title in their bout here on Saturday. And they picked the local star to turn the trick by a knockout.

The boxing columnist of the "Sunday Express" said, "I believe Toweel will win and probably inside the distance. The Spaniard has a terrific punch — probably the hardest in the world for his weight — but I noticed that the champion is well able to present a clever defence against punishers he respects."

The Sunday Times' boxing reporter wrote, "Always allowing that a puncher like Romero can swing the result with one left hook I take Toweel to keep his title. If Toweel survives the first three or four rounds I think he will send down Romero inside the distance." — United Press.

### ROMERO ANNOYED

Johannesburg, Nov. 12. Luis Romero, the Spanish Bantamweight and Featherweight Champion, will end his training in secret for his world bantamweight title fight here on Saturday with the South African, Vic Toweel.

Romero made his last public appearance before the fight yesterday before a crowd of 200 at the Rand Stadium. He was obviously annoyed by the behaviour of a small section of the crowd and the fact that several members of Toweel's family were present.

"These people expect me to kill my sparring partner and friend, Georges Mousse (of France)," Romero said. "I thought they would have already heard about my punching power. It is not right to hit hard in training. I am saving my hitting for Toweel."

Romero is concentrating on speed and Mousse, who fought 10 rounds with Toweel recently, is proving an ideal sparring partner to improve the Spaniard's footwork.

Toweel had a strenuous workout today, equivalent to eight rounds, and he gave his sparring partners a taste of his two-handed punching.

His manager and brother, Maurice Toweel, said that he was in "terrific condition and

will have no trouble whatever in making the weight."

### LIGHTWEIGHT MATCHES

New York, Nov. 12.

Matchmaker Al Weill of the International Boxing Club said today the winner of the light-weight title fight between Champion Jimmy Carter and Art Aragon will meet the victor of the Paddy De Marco-Eddie Chavez fight in a non-title bout in Madison Square Garden this January.

Carter and Aragon clash in a 15-round bout in Los Angeles on Wednesday night. De Marco, a leading challenger, faces Chavez, of San Jose, California, in the top ten at the Garden Friday night. — Associated Press.

### NOT A BLOW STRUCK

London, Nov. 12.

Danny (Bang Bang) Womber, a lean, fancy-stepping Chicago welterweight, is beginning to suspect he can win here without throwing a punch.

He was brought to London for a 10-round non-title bout against Wally Thom, the new British Welter Champion. Thom cut an eye in training and withdrew.

Then they gave him Eddie Thomas, a world ranking boxer and former British and European title-holder. Thomas trained one day, hurt both his hands and withdrew.

Womber is still on the bill at Harringay Arena on Tuesday night. His foe now is supposed to be Duggie Du Prez of South Africa. But Du Prez hurt his back recently and his manager warned promoter Jack Solomons that he may not be fit.

"I don't care who they find," Danny said. "I'll beat 'em all." — Associated Press.



## The Second Of Two Articles On

# EMIL ZATOPEK—THE TIRED LITTLE MAN WHO CAN OUTLAST ALL OPPOSITION

By HENRY THORNBERRY

One of the greatest fallacies in international sport is that a champion must be a husky, healthy-looking athlete, carefully coached by orthodox methods. Britain's mighty midgets, mile runner Sydney Wooderson and former world's flyweight champion Jimmy Wilde, proved this wrong many years ago and they were considered more or less freaks.

But the greatest middle and long-distance runner in the world today, Emil Zatopek of Czechoslovakia, has tossed overboard all recognised methods of training and running technique and has given rise to the belief that maybe the old methods are outdated.

In the history of sport no man appears to have contradicted the accepted methods and theories of training more than Zatopek and certainly none with such amazing success. Whenever, and wherever, European sports coaches and experts gather the fabulous Czech is an almost inevitable topic of conversation.

### RUNS IN FITS AND JERKS

He doesn't look like an athlete—in fact he looks the exact opposite—he doesn't run like an athlete and he doesn't train like an athlete. Zatopek at the half-way mark of a long race is a figure calling for sympathy, a tired-looking little man, running in a series of fits and jerks in what appears to be great pain, judging by the expression on his face.

In the 5,000 metres race at the 1948 Olympics, which he narrowly

failed to win after a great finishing spurt, United Press correspondent Robert Musel, who was watching the Czech closely, said he appeared to be on the point of collapse more than once and there wasn't a man in the press box who would have bet a dollar to win a thousand on the Czech finishing.

But Zatopek is no freak. One of Europe's leading physiologists, Professor Jirina Kral, the head of the Department of Sports Medicine in Prague, said there was nothing physically abnormal about the Czech star.

After an exhaustive examination of the athlete and an intensive study of "X-Ray" photographs, Kral said Zatopek's heart is no bigger or stronger than that of any first-class athlete and his lung capacity is no greater than that of other top-class distance runners. He believed Zatopek's phenomenal success was due to his tremendous will-power and iron determination in training and competitive racing.

Zatopek is a teetotaler and non-smoker. He is also not over-cautious about eating, a subject on which he and his medical advisers have had many arguments. He has a special fondness for fruit, composes sweet dishes and candy and eats with complete irregularity.

### ALL THE YEAR ROUND

The Czech trains seven days of every week of the year. In winter—Eastern Europe—he either trains in the woods if conditions permit, or indoors if the weather is particularly bad. He usually trained indoors at the big Sokol Riding School establishment in Prague but last winter he departed from a custom of many years by training entirely in his apartment.

Here he fitted a wall-exerciser and other apparatus. Three of his favourite exercises are cycling, bending, cycling motions while on his back, and kneeling against the resistance of the exerciser. The cycling-exercise is performed with two weights strapped to his feet, weighing two kilograms each. Indoor training sessions began at 5 p.m. every evening after his day's "work" at the Army Physical Training Centre in Prague.

It is reported that throughout the whole of his winter indoor-schedule he started with 70 revolutions of each leg in the cycling exercise, followed by 30 knee bends. He then increased the leg exercise to 100 revolutions of each leg and 50 knee bends—repeating the whole performance ten times.

He gradually decreased the first exercise to 60 revolutions of each leg and 30 knee bends before commencing ONE HOUR of knee-raising against resistance. It is NOT reported how much sleep he got!

Outdoor training was resumed in March in the woods and the following month he began track work.

The powers of recovery of middle and long-distance runners have long been a subject for

controversy among athletic coaches. Zatopek's view is that a reasonably fit athlete can run any number of such races without any ill-effects PROVIDED there is a break of at least 48 hours between events.

### UNWISE FOR OTHERS

At least that is the time he requires himself for a complete recovery which means most other athletes would be wise to rest for three days or more before attempting another run.

On the day after a hard race his legs always feel exceptionally heavy and sore and races on the second successive day when they cannot be avoided leave him completely exhausted and ill.

But, if given 48 hours to recover, Zatopek can immediately reach record-breaking times, as witnessed by his performance in Finland last year when he won a 5,000 metres run in 14 minutes 5.5 seconds and two days later set up his 10,000 metres record of 29 minutes 2.5 seconds.

There is little doubt that Zatopek is the present number one mystery man of athletics. He appears to defy all the rules and yet turns in fantastic times with monotonous regularity. He claims there is no secret formula for success nor does he possess any physical abnormality which gives him an advantage over his rivals.

"The only way to athletic success is through the medium of hard work," he said. "Most athletes train in a leisurely half-hearted fashion, maintaining that 'so-severe training is not enjoyable and therefore contrary to the true principles of sport'."

"But they could not be more wrong. Athletics training, no matter how hard and disciplined, can afford as much enjoyment and be as thrilling as an actual competitive race—if you are a true sportsman."

"Therein lies the secret." — United Press.

## Charity Boxing Tournament

A charity boxing tournament was held last night at China Fleet Club in aid of the Earl Haig "Poppy Day" Fund.

R.S.M. Charlton, who fought Gnr Dunn in the Welterweight, played with him. It was obvious that Charlton was much superior and endeavoured to carry on the fight, although he could have disposed of Dunn at any time.

The majority of the fights were poor. The boxers in the minor events showed very little skill.

The results were: Flyweight—Ma Lo-sing beat Kid Xavier. Bantamweight—Kai Man beat Young Brito. George Garcia beat Speedy Morris. Welterweight—R. S. M. Charlton beat Gnr Dunn. Light Heavyweight—Sgt. Brown beat Gnr. Higgins. Heavyweight—Sgt. Avery beat Yue Yung-wang. Light Heavyweight—Sae Harris beat Sgt. Dennis. Featherweight—Rigo Noll beat Sae Ross.

Executive Committee meeting. VRC.

## Gutierrez Shield Final This Saturday

The Gutierrez Shield final between Switzerland and Malaya will be played on Saturday, November 17, at Kowloon Docks at 2.30 p.m.

## FA Cup Draw

London, Nov. 12.

The draw for the first round of the English FA Cup matches to be played on Saturday, Nov. 24, was made today as follows:

Brighton vs. Bristol City. Reading vs. Walsall. Leyton or Walthamston Avenue vs. Chippenham Town. King's Lynn vs. Exeter City. Southend vs. Bournemouth. Aylesbury United vs. Watford.

Torquay vs. Barmley. Swindon vs. Bedford. Colchester vs. Port Vale. Merthyr Tydfil vs. Ipswich. Tonbridge vs. Aldershot. Leyton Orient vs. Corlestone. Lymington or Barnstaple vs. Folkestone or Sutton United. Norwich vs. Northampton. Millwall vs. Plymouth. Newport vs. Barry Town.

Leytonstone vs. Shrewsbury. Crystal Palace vs. Gillingham. Brush Sports vs. Yeovil Town or Weymouth.

Guilford City vs. Peterborough or Hereford.

Blackston Town vs. Kettering Town.

Blackston Town vs. Rochdale. Blyth Spartans vs. Bishop Auckland.

Wigan Athletic or Witton Albion vs. Gainsborough Trinity. Stockton vs. Mansfield Town. Ramswell Welfare vs. Frierley Colliery or Buxton.

Wrexham vs. Halifax. Newson vs. Oldham Athletic. Bradford City vs. Carlisle. Hartlepool vs. Blyth. Accrington vs. Chester.

Grimsby Town vs. Darlington. Scunthorpe vs. Billingham Synthonia.

Tranmere vs. Poole. Scarborough or Blackhall Colliery vs. Worthington Town.

York City vs. Bradford. Crewe vs. Lincoln. Stockport vs. Gateshead. Barrow vs. Chesterfield. Bangor vs. Southport.

First and Second Division Clubs are exempt until the third round on January 12.—Reuter.

## U.S. All-Stars Beat Japanese

Tokyo, Nov. 11. The American baseball All-Stars whipped a Japanese All-Star team 12-0 today. The game at Meiji Park was witnessed by more than 50,000 fans, including General and Mrs. Matthew B. Ridgway.

The Americans slammed out three home runs—two in the second by Mel Farnell and Joe Tipoton, and another in the eighth by Ray Perry.

They tallied 21 hits off five Japanese pitchers. Pitcher Pynell, who went the route, allowed only four hits.—Associated Press.

## TODAY'S SPORT

BADMINTON. Badminton League Sub-Committee meeting. Victory House, 515 p.m. SWIMMING. Executive Committee meeting. VRC.

## American Basketball Team To Demonstrate Short-Passing Game

The Stewart-Chevrolet Basketball quintet, winners of the 1951 American Athletic Union Basketball Championship, will arrive by PAL tomorrow morning for a five-game series here.

Mr Andrew Leros, Manager of the American team, at a Press conference yesterday, said that the team will introduce a new kind of play, based on short passes, to the local hoopsters. This method was used by the Stewarts when they unseated the two-year winning streak of the Phillips Oilers to win the National Championship.

## Alterations To Jockey Club Classifications

The following are the alterations to the Hongkong Jockey Club Classification List:—

To Class 1B. Duchess Delight... from Class 2

To Class 2. Hurricane... do. 3. Larc Triomph... do. 3.

To Class 3. Easy Money... do. 4. Golden Dragon... do. 4. John Halifax... do. 4. Shannon... do. 2.

To Class 4. Airs and Graces... do. 3. Beckenham... do. 3. Cleopatra... do. 3.

To Class 5. Dania... do. 0. Krazy Kat... do. 0. Rowan Glen... do. 4. Straculus... do. 4.

To Class 6. Ben Macdhu... do. 7. Cocktail Tea... do. 8. Exquisite Love... do. 7. Pearl Bridge... do. 7.

To Class 7. Al Fresco... do. 8. Anyway... do. 6. Flying Arrow... do. 6. Green Velvet... do. 6.

To Class 8. Baylight... do. 7. Casie... do. 7. English Cabbage... do. 7. Jennifer... do. 7. Lightning... do. 7.

To Class 9. Boniface... do. 0. Buy Bee... do. 0. Copper... do. 0. Flight... do. 0. Good Day... do. 0. Hot Shot... do. 0. Marbler... do. 0. Starbucker... do. 0. Tunny... do. 0.

In their current Philippines tour the Stewarts have won all ten games. Mr Leros would not commit himself yesterday but said the team hopes to do the same in Hongkong.

Travelling with the team is "Hank" Luisetti, their coach. His name is synonymous with basketball and he is considered one of the greatest stars the game has even known. He has been named to the all-time All-American basketball team—the only West Coast player to receive this honour.

Luisetti, at Stanford, was acclaimed the first player to popularise the one-handed push shot. He established a Southern Division Pacific Coast Conference scoring record of 242 points that stood for 11 years. He still holds the individual high scoring mark for a single Stanford game—53 points against Duquesne.

Luisetti's playing career came to an end in October, 1944, when he was stricken with spinal meningitis while he was in the Navy. However, he has kept very active in the sport since that time, and for the past three years has been the coach of the San Francisco Stewart-Chevrolets.

During the 1950-51 basketball season, the Stewarts team, which was organized three years ago, won 30 games and lost nine.

They started off the season by winning four straight, including a 40-41 win over the Oakland Blue in Golden. Then, after dropping a decision to Oakland, they added five more wins, lost a 51-45 game to the Phillips Oilers and then added nine wins in their next 10 games, record of 18 wins and three losses in their first 21 games.

Their record of 50-55 over the Phillips Oilers at Winterland was one of the most spectacular basketball games ever seen in San

## Rugger Results

London, Nov. 12. The following are the results of Rugby Union games played today:

St Thomas Hospital 6, Edinburgh Academicals 3. Cumborne 14, Redruth 6.—Reuter.

## Snooker League

Results of the George Younger's Colony Snooker League matches played last night were:

KCC "A" beat CPO Tamar 2-2; South China beat Sgts Mess HQLE 6-0.



What's best in Kowloon?



WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERYONE'S POCKET "YARD-O-LED" PROPELLING PENCILS. BRITISH MADE IN SILVER PLATE, SOLID SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD. OBTAINABLE AT

G. M. Arthur & Co. THE JEWELLERS. 40, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel: 57513.

CECILIA BEAUTY SALON. 1, HANKOW ROAD.

Ladies Hairdressers. Gentlemen's Barber Shop. PEDICURE MANICURE. Phone 57609 For Appointment. Theatrical Wigs for Hire.

ENJOY THE BEST AT RED LION INN. 15 Hankow Road. European and Chinese Foods. Wines and Drinks.

MELBOURNE HOTEL. 2-12, Mody Rd. Tel. 59168.

MELBOURNE APARTMENTS. 65-67, Kimberley Rd. Tel: 59185.

TIENTSIN CHEMICALLY WASHED PEKING ART & HOOKED RUGS. BEST QUALITY. At Reasonable Prices. VISIT GREAT EASTERN RUG CO. 3, Chung King Arcade, Kowloon.

Attention Please! Model aeroplanes, engines, boats and car kits. Both American and British makes. Large stocks of models and accessories for your favourite hobby. Also automobile supplies and tyres.

BUY THE BEST AT BON TON. 38, Nathan Road. NEW SHIPMENTS OF CHRISTMAS CARDS, TOYS, CHILDREN'S PARTY DRESSES JUST ARRIVED.

VIENNA TAILOR CO. Guaranteed Good Cutting and Smart Styles. 468, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel. 57528.

SUNNY CO. Hornby Electric Trains. Meccano Sets. Dinky Toys. 90, Nathan Road. Tel: 50185.

That Mayai Look is the Glamour Look!

It Adds More Elegance, a Dash of Chic, to Your Wardrobe—whether it be Your Dresses, Coats, Suits or Gowns. . . . Just Exactly the Way you would have liked your "Old Bond Street Tailor" do it.

MAYAI LADIES TAILOR. 5A, Cranville Road, Kowloon.

THE FU HING TRADING CO. Folding Waste Paper Baskets, Candelabras, Brass and Copper Wares, Old Embroideries and Fancy Linens, Antique Scrolls, Old and New Porcelain Wares. Large Selection: Reasonable Prices. Wholesale and Retail. 17, Chungking Arcade Kowloon. Tel: 52620 Cable Add. "FHING"

ORIGINAL ZORIC METHOD OF DRYCLEANING RE-INTRODUCED. NONE OTHER USING THIS NAME IS GENUINE.

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Call 58266 for Collections and Deliveries

12th ANNIVERSARY SALE. FOR 12 DAYS ONLY. From 10th Nov. to 21st Nov. AT KOWLOON'S LEADING TOYSHOP.

10% DISCOUNT OFF USUAL PRICE. NATIONAL TOY CO. 220 NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.



# BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(Butterfield & Swire (Hongkong) Ltd.)

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"JOYANG"	Kobe & Yokohama	5 p.m. 13th Nov
"FENGTIEN"	Singapore, Djakarta & Surabaya	5 p.m. 14th Nov
"SZECHUEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya & Osaka	5 p.m. 16th Nov
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	Noon 17th Nov
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 17th Nov
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	Noon 24th Nov
"SINKIANG"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 24th Nov
"KWEIYANG"	Singapore, Djakarta & Surabaya	5 p.m. 29th Nov
	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m. 30th Nov

### ARRIVALS FROM

"HUNAN"	Tientsin	14 15th Nov
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	14 15th Nov
"SINKIANG"	Kobe	20th Nov

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGTE"	Kobe, Yokohama & Japan	Noon 13th Nov
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	19th Nov
"CHANGTE"	Singapore	2nd Dec
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	3rd Dec

### ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGTE"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	15th Nov
"CHANGTE"	Kobe	29th Nov
"TAIYUAN"	Yokohama	30th Nov

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"ASTYANAX"	Genoa, London & Holland	22nd Nov
"CLYTONUS"	Calcutta & Liverpool	24th Nov
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	30th Dec
"AENEAS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	1th Dec

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
"PATROCLUS"	14th Nov
"ASTYANAX"	15th Nov
"ASCANIUS"	15th Nov
"AENEAS"	15th Nov
"AGSPENON"	15th Nov
"PERSEUS"	15th Nov
"AUTOMEDON"	15th Nov
"MYRMIDON"	15th Nov
"ATREUS"	15th Nov

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.  
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.  
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

## DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM  
U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"BATAAN"	20th Dec.
"DONA ALICIA"	25th Dec.

## Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore	(DC-4) 9:00 a.m. Tues. Fri. 3:45 a.m. Wed. Sat. (Connects at Bangkok with U.S.A. to Rangoon)	
HK/Hanoi/Hatphong	(DC-3) 10:00 a.m. Tues. 2:15 p.m. Wed.	
HK/Saigon/Singapore	(DC-4) 12:00 Noon Wed. 4:15 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo	(DC-3) 6:30 a.m. Wed. 3:45 p.m. Thurs.	

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.  
For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

1. CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8  
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878.

# BENGLINE

## ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENDORAN"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENCLEUCH"	U.K. via Singapore	on or abt. 22nd Nov.
"BENWYVIS"	do	24th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	do	19th Dec.
"BENLOMOND"	U.K. via B.N.R.	23rd Dec.

SAILINGS Loading on or abt.

"BENDORAN"	Havre, Liverpool, Glasgow & Hull	14th Nov.
"BENCLEUCH"	Kobe & Yokohama	25th Nov.
"BENWYVIS"	Avonmouth, Havre & London	29th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	Kobe & Yokohama	23rd Dec.
"BENCLEUCH"	Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg & Hull	20th Dec.
"BENLOMOND"	Liverpool, Glasgow & Avonmouth	29th Dec.

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan & Port Said.  
† Calls Tawau & Sandakan.  
‡ Calls Manila, Tawau, Sandakan & Jesselton.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

York Building. Telephone: 34106.

## CHINA MAIL

### HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

Price, 20 cents per copy.  
Subscription: \$6.00 per month.  
Postage: China and Macao \$1.00 per month, U.K. British Possessions and other countries \$3.00 per month.  
News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.  
Telephone: 2601 (5 Lines).  
Kowloon Office: Salisbury Road. Telephone: 52638.

## Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID  
ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY  
10 cents PER WORD OVER 20  
Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.  
ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA  
If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

## WANTED KNOWN

YOUR BABY'S shoes, mittens, etc. in store, sentimental keepsakes. Ideal gift for friends and family. Room 404, 4th Floor, Canton Building.

## FOR SALE

CHIVALRY ANTIQUE SCRIPT. An attractive stationery of distinction. In boxes of forty fly sheets and forty envelopes or eighty single sheets and forty envelopes. \$5 per box. On sale at "S. C. M. Post."

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of cargo reported from Hong Kong and South China, compiled by the Surveyors, \$15 from the "S. C. M. Post."

DEVON VALLEY. Blotting Paper. White in sheets 17 1/2 x 22 1/2, cut to any size, 25 cents per sheet. \$20 per 100. Available at South China Morning Post.

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE. PEN-10. 11 1/2 x 11 1/2, 32 per gross, \$3 per dozen. \$30 each on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1922 Annual Return Forms are on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

## DEATHS

MUNDY—At Queen Mary Hospital on Monday, November 12, 1951, Hector Herbert Mundy, aged 51. Funeral service at St John's Cathedral at 4.30 p.m. 16-day. Interment to follow at Colonial Cemetery, Happy Valley. Australian papers please copy.

## IN MEMORIAM

CASTRO—In ever loving memory of our dear father, Carlos Mario, who fell asleep on November 13, 1928. "And while he lies peacefully asleep, His memory we shall ever keep." H.A.C.

## POLICE NOTICE

1. One Way Traffic.  
Owing to road repairs to Queen's Road East between Hennessy Road and Kennedy Road, Queen's Road East will be opened to Westbound traffic only.

2. Bus Route Diversions.  
The following bus route diversions will come into effect from 14th November, 1951 until further notice—

(i) Route No. 3—Kennedy Town to Tai Hang.  
Instead of proceeding via Queen's Road East, will divert along Hennessy Road, Fleming Road, Wan-chai Road, into Leighton Hill Road.

(ii) Route No. 3A—Kennedy Town to Happy Valley.  
Diversions Route as above.

(iii) Route No. 10—Yau-mai Ferry to Stanley.  
Diversions via Hennessy Road, Fleming Road, Wan-chai Road, Morrison Hill Road to Queen's Road East and Stubbs Road.

COMMISSIONER OF POLICE  
13th November, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"CHANGTE"  
Arrived 11th November, 1951.

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Kowloon Wharf Godown at 10.00 a.m. on Wednesday 14th November, 1951, and consignees representatives are requested to be present during survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.  
Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.  
China Navigation Co., Ltd.

## Cantonese By Radio

By S. K. Lee

The third in the series of lessons in Cantonese to be broadcast over Radio Hongkong by Mr S. K. Lee will be given this evening at 6.30.

For the guidance of listeners we publish below a summary of the lesson. Summaries for subsequent lessons will be published in the China Mail every Tuesday and Friday for the duration of this radio feature.

### Lesson 3

Questions Asking "Whether or Not" (Refer to page 4, "Cantonese Simplified"):

1. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
2. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
3. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
4. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
5. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
6. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
7. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
8. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
9. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
10. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
11. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
12. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
13. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
14. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
15. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
16. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
17. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
18. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
19. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.
20. (1) "Lai" (at) as in "bite". To come.

(To Be Continued)

## U.S. INFANTRY FOR EUROPE

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 12. Several hundred troops of the 28th Infantry Division today boarded a transport which will take them to Europe for duty with General Dwight D. Eisenhower's forces.

The division, a former Pennsylvania National Guard unit, has been brought to full strength by drafts from all 48 states. It is commanded by Maj.-Gen. Daniel B. Strickland of Lancaster, Pa.—Associated Press.

## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

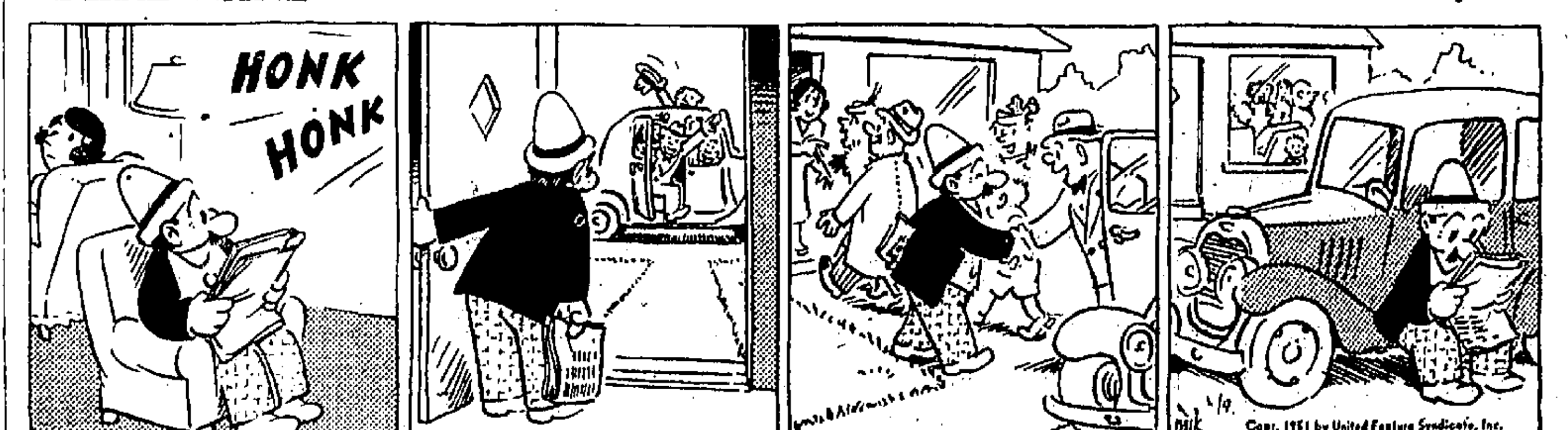
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

Driven To It

By Mik



## NANCY

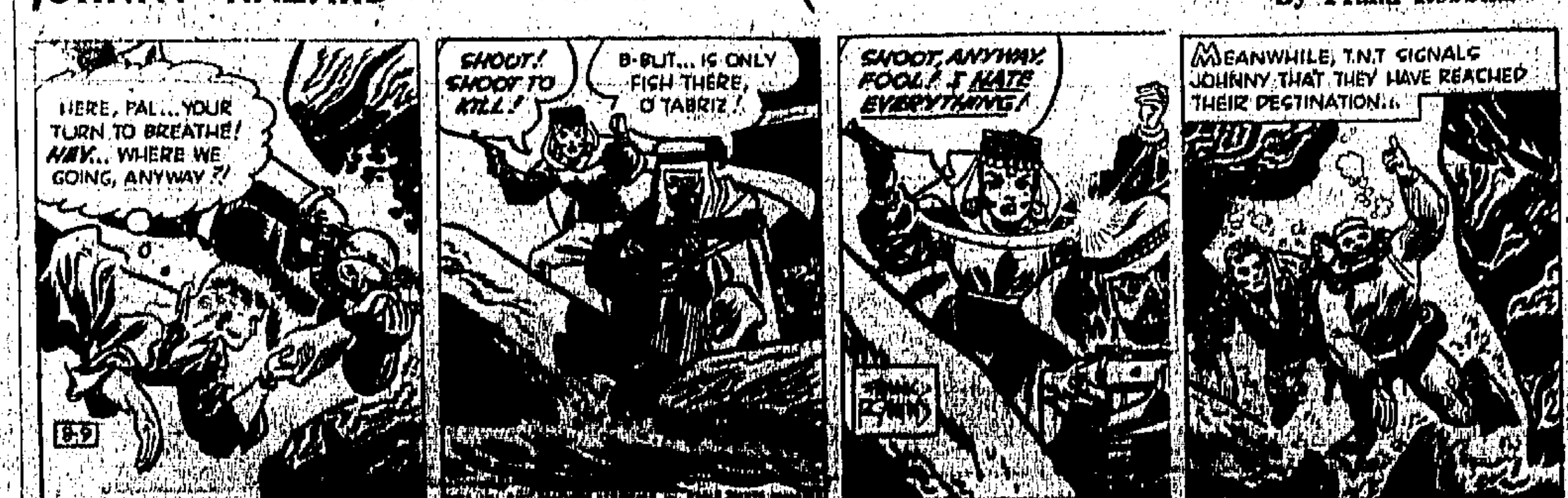
Easy Pickin's

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



# P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

## PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

### PASSENGER /FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Arrives Hongkong
"CARTHAGE"	18th October	18th November
"CHUSAN"	2nd November	20th November
"CORFU"	15th November	17th December
"CANTON"	13th December	14th January

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CARTHAGE"	22nd November	23rd December
"CHUSAN"	4th December	31st December
"CORFU"	21st December	21st January
"CANTON"	18th January	18th February

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden & London.

### FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due Hongkong	From
"SINGAPORE"	23rd November	London & Continent
"SOMALI"	11th December	London & Continent

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited passenger accommodation.

## BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"TAIREA"	due 15th Nov.	from Calcutta, Rangoon, Penang & Singapore
"SANTHIA"	sails 16th Nov.	for Japan
"WARLA"	due 24th Nov.	from Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta

(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

## P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"PENTAKOTA"	due 13th Nov.	from Japan
"PENTAKOTA"	sails 15th Nov.	for Singapore, Rangoon, Chittagong & Madras

## EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	sails 16th Nov.	for Port Moresby, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne
"EASTERN"	sails 28th Nov.	for Auckland, Wellington, Port Chalmers & Melbourne

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:  
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.  
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

## Bootlegging Back In U.S.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12. Crimes of violence, racketeering and the growth of a "privileged outlaw class" is marking the return of prohibition to the United States, Mr. John Wolfie told the annual convention of the National Licensed Beverage Association here today.

More than 1,000 delegates from all over the country heard Mr. Wolfie charge that the "bootlegger is back. The pattern for prohibition is back—prohibition by taxation."

Mr. Wolfie said that in 1950 Federal and State enforcement agents seized 19,644 illicit stills, approximating the 20,000 seized during peak prohibition periods.

He said "These illicit stills had a daily producing capacity of 677,000 gallons or about 200,000 gallons a day more than the daily production of the legal industry."

He charged that the high price of liquor, resulting from taxation, "creates a new era in America. It is an era marked by crimes of violence, racketeering and by a mushroom-like growth of a privileged outlaw class. The pattern for prohibition by taxation has already been established."

Mr. Wolfie said that traffic in bootleg alcohol "is no more mountaineer moonshine. Rather, what we are faced with today is a highly organized criminal conspiracy. The bootleg industry gives employment to hundreds of thousands."

He said that the new Federal excise tax of \$10.00 per gallon is "more than the limit of cost of production."—United Press.

## Lovett For Europe

Washington, Nov. 12. The American Embassy today announced that it had received a request from the European Council for Lovett to head the American delegation to the European Council meeting in Rome.



## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



Arriving	Leaving	Outward For
"LES GLIERES" In Port Nov. 16	Nov. 17	Haiphong, Saigon
"FELIX ROUSSEL" In Port Dec. 6	Dec. 7	Marseilles
		Homeward For
"DOCTEUR YERSIN" Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Haiphong, Saigon
"MONKAT" Nov. 28	Nov. 30	N. Africa & Europe
"FELIX ROUSSEL" Dec. 6	Dec. 7	Manila, Saigon & Marseilles
"BASTIA" Dec. 24	Dec. 25	N. Africa & Europe

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES  
P.O. Box 53, Hongkong  
Queen's Building (gr. floor) Tel. 26661 (3 lines).



## MAERSK LINE

FAST FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO:  
NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE & PHILADELPHIA, via  
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA.

## NEXT SAILINGS

M.S. "SALLY MAERSK"	Nov. 17
M.S. "LEXA MAERSK"	Nov. 30
M.S. "ANNA MAERSK"	Dec. 16

## ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "ANNA MAERSK"	Nov. 16
M.S. "LEISE MAERSK"	Nov. 30
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Dec. 20

For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to:—  
AGENTS:

## JEBSEN &amp; CO.

Pedder Building Tel: Nos. 36086-9.

## British Concession To Be Taken Over

Tel-Aviv, Nov. 12.  
Israel plans to take over the dormant British-owned potash concession in the Dead Sea as a semi-nationalised project, the Labour Party newspaper Davar reports, allowing the British to continue as investors.

Davar said the Government—apparently anxious to avoid the out of squabble that arose over Israel's nationalisation law—rejected leftist demands for immediate full nationalisation of the firm of Palestine Potash, Ltd. In fact, the paper said, it

will offer British shareholders a chance to participate with Israel. The paper indicated that if the British shareholders don't enter the semi-nationalised set-up, they will be compensated by the Israeli Government for holdings that would be taken over.

Potash, which has many uses in industry, is yielded by the inland salt sea, 1,292 feet below the Mediterranean level.

Davar, which is close to Government officials, said the Cabinet decided on the projected change last week and authorized a \$2,500,000 investment with money to be borrowed from the U.S. Import-Export Bank.

Moshe Novomeysky, Managing Director of the Palestine Potash, Ltd. said last night his company has not yet been informed of the plan. He added that the firm was not opposed in principle to the Government's taking control. The British Potash Concession dates from Britain's rule in Palestine under a League of Nations mandate, prior to the creation of Israel as a state in 1948.—Associated Press.

## TO NEGOTIATE

Tel-Aviv, Nov. 12.  
The Israeli Government appointed a Ministerial Commission last night to negotiate with the British-registered Palestine Potash Company and make recommendations for resumption of operations at the Company's plant.

The plant, situated on the Dead Sea, has been idle since April 1948, and the Company faces the alternatives of nationalisation or partnership with the Israeli Government. Under an agreement in December 1950, the Company undertook to raise \$2,000,000 capital to resume work immediately. This was in addition to a \$2,500,000 loan from the Export and Import Bank obtained through the Israeli Government.

The Government last night appointed a Ministerial Commission to negotiate with the Company and make recommendations for resumption of work at the plant. The potash plant could become Israel's best source of hard currency after citrus.—Reuters.

## THE 'TORIES' MAIN TASK

## Restoring Confidence In The Pound

## BETTER OFFERS TO COLONIES

## For Uranium Ores And Concentrates

London, Nov. 12.  
Higher prices for uranium ores and concentrates—in some cases 100 per cent higher than previous prices—are being offered to prospectors in the Colonies and Dependent territories by the Ministry of Supply.

The reasons for the higher prices are:

(a) The general increase in prices of metals since the Ministry's original offer in March, 1949, and

(b) Increased prices now offered by U.S. and Canada.

As an additional incentive, a development bonus equal to the purchase price will be paid for first five tons of uranium oxide from previously unworked deposits, and capital may be provided for processing plants.

Although Colonial Geological surveys are in general, much better equipped to provide assistance and analyse samples of radio-active ores than they were in 1949, the Geological Survey of Great Britain is continuing this service to prospectors. London Express Service.

## Warning To Canadian Exporters

Toronto, Nov. 12.  
The President of the Canadian Exporters Association, Mr. Quintyn Owyn, said today that Canada's trade was tied too dangerously to the whims of the United States market, and urged exporters to extend their enterprise to other channels.

Mr. Gwyn told the Association's annual meeting that more than 65 per cent of Canada's foreign trade this year would be linked to the United States' economy. "It is a good idea to develop our United States business, but supporters should extend their enterprise to other exporting channels as well."

He predicted another record exporting year for Canada, as exports of manufactured goods were falling off and said such a condition could be damaging to the future welfare of Canada.—United Press.

## HMV Chief Leaving

London.  
Sir Ernest Fisk, 65-year-old boss of the £12,000,000 "His Master's Voice" business, is leaving the company at the end of the year, when his seven-year contract as managing director runs out.

An official of the company—Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd. said: "Sir Ernest came to us for a certain length of time. It is a normal retirement." Sir Ernest, at his Knightsbridge hotel, said: "Talk to someone else"—and banged down the phone.

His successor has not yet been named.

## British Loan For Jordan?

London, Nov. 12.  
Jordan officials began negotiations here today for a possible loan from Britain for reconstruction and the relief of Arab refugees from Palestine. The Jordan delegation, which arrived in London last week, is led by the Minister of Trade, Sulaiman Pasha Sukkar, assisted by the Minister of Agriculture, Sulaiman Pasha Tugan. The talks will also cover existing payments, including a British grant of about £20,000, 40 Jordan for the current year's defence and domestic expenditure.—Reuters.

## Problem For Sterling Area As A Whole To Solve

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Nov. 12.  
The economic crisis with which the general public has become acquainted during the past week or so differs from previous crises in one very important aspect. The problem in the past has been one of dollar deficiency; today's problem is to restore confidence in the Pound all over the world.

Mr Butler, the new Chancellor of the Exchequer, summed up the situation in one sentence: "The whole Sterling Area is in deficit all round the world and this is at once reflected in losses from the gold reserves."

His speech revealed not so much that the balance of payments situation was critical—that was already known. The real shock came when he announced details of the alarming deterioration that took place during October.

In that month alone, the Sterling Area gold and dollar reserves fell by no less than \$320 million—compared with a net gold and dollar loss of \$638 million in the three months ending last September.

This means that the Sterling Area has been losing gold and dollars at an annual rate of \$3,840 million—almost as much as in 1947 and much more than the rate in the six months preceding devaluation. But that is not all. In the third quarter, the Sterling Area had a deficit with the European Payments Union of £183 million. In October alone the deficit was £89 million and, as Mr Butler pointed out, this will result in the payment of substantial amounts of gold to the Union.

Primarily, therefore, the problem is one for the Sterling Area as a whole. Mr Butler stressed that "we cannot solve our problems in isolation." The measures he outlined are, therefore, only a beginning, and if they are to become effective they must be matched with similar measures in other parts of the Sterling Area.

First aim of Mr Butler's new economic policy is to strengthen the international standing of Sterling. That is why the emphasis is no longer on 'cuts in dollar imports but on restrictions in the volume of our non-dollar purchases. Imports from Western Europe will bear the brunt of the cuts announced last week though no doubt it is the Chancellor's intention that at least some part of the saving of £350 million a year on our external expenditure should be effected by further economies in dollar imports.

These measures by themselves are clearly inflationary, since they will reduce the volume of goods flowing on to the home market without having any automatic effect on the level of spending. Mr Butler hoped, however, that any additional inflation caused by the cuts in imports would be more than offset by the other measures he proposed—the change in the bank rate, the review of the investment programme and the reductions that are to be made in Government spending.

Mr Butler's proposals regarding interest rates surprised only slightly which expected—and had prepared itself for—something much more drastic. The raising of the bank rate by a mere one-half per cent to two and a half per cent is considered insufficiently decisive to have the desired psychological effect. But it is too early yet to pronounce upon the purely monetary side of Mr Butler's policy. A partial return to orthodox monetary policy has been generally welcomed but it is doubtful whether the raising of the bank rate and the measures designed to give the Bank of England some effective control over the volume of credit will be felt outside the narrow confines of the money market.

However the Government may not have spoken the last word in this respect and the gilt-edged market has therefore adopted a cautious attitude.

The Government is clearly waiting to see what effect its new measures will have before deciding on the next step. The lack of really disinflationary measures seems to indicate that a great deal is expected in this direction from the forthcoming economies in Government expenditure.

LITTLE DOUBT  
There is little doubt, however, that the policy outlined last week was mainly for consumption abroad. Its greatest effect will be in the impression it gives that the Government is determined to make and keep Sterling strong. No doubt some measure of relief is expected to come in the form of American aid but the Government might well feel that the next step is to do the overseas Sterling Area obligation. The Minister of Sterling Area Finance Ministers that is due to take place early next year will

## HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$289,195. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:—

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
GOVT. LOANS			170,000 @ 94
BANKS			
HS. Bank	1570		
East Asia	125		
INSURANCES			
Union	770		
Underwriters	6.10		
HK Fire	145		
SHIPPING			
Asia Nav.	1500 @ 1.45		
DOCKS, ETC.			
N. P. Wharf	6.00		
Provident	14		
Wheelock	30 1/2	200 @ 37	
		500 @ 30 1/2	
		500 @ 30 1/2	

LAND, ETC.	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
HS. Hotel	1 1/2	1 1/2	1000 @ 1.65
Shui Lung	13		
Humphreys			
UTILITIES			
Star Ferry	15 75 @ 1/2	1000 @ 16.90	
C. Light (O)			600 @ 9 1/2
C. Light (N)	6.30 @ 1/2		
C. Light (B)	0.60		
Electric	22 1/2		
Else (Bonus)	22 1/2		
Telephone	14 1/2		
INDUSTRIALS			
Cement	15 1/2	15.90	
Rope	21 1/2		
STORES, ETC.			
L. Crawford	18 1/2	19 1/2	
Sun Co.	31	280 @ 2 1/2	

## Shipping Official's Criticism

New York, Nov. 12.  
A high official of the National Federation of American Shipping today criticised the United States Government for neglecting to increase America's merchant fleet in proportion with the world's growing economy.

In times of crisis we should demonstrate our unexcelled ability to build ships and deliver goods, but now we relax maritime planning," Alexander Purdon, the Federation's Secretary, told a meeting of the National Association of Stevedores.

He said, "We are inadequate for the present and in fact unprepared for the future. We are not building a merchant fleet suitable either for our foreign trade or for our national defence."

He urged that the US adopt long-range legislation which will provide the shipping industry with Government subsidies and tax exemption. Deploping the Government's rejection of such legislation in the past, he said, "Unfortunately our history does not reflect a firm and progressive national maritime policy which recognises the shipping needs of our country in relation to our economic progress, our international commitments and our national defence."—United Press.

## LONDON TIN MARKET

London, Nov. 12.  
Prices of tin were down this morning. Turnover was 125 tons, including five tons for cash.

Prices closed at the end of the official morning session as follows:

Spot tin, buyers	88 1/2
Spot tin, sellers	88 1/2
Business done at	89 1/2
Three-months tin, buyers	95 1/2
Three-months tin, sellers	95 1/2
Business done at	95 1/2
Settlement	95 1/2

Japan-Indonesia Trade Talks  
Tokyo, Nov. 12.  
Progress was made for conclusion of an Indonesian-Japanese trade agreement when the Indonesian delegates at the current talks agreed to an open account arrangement with payment in pounds sterling. The Japanese compromised by conceding to payment in sterling of trade in excess of the swing account (the present limit is \$10,000,000). They insisted however, that if the swing account excess reaches very large sums, a part should be paid in sterling and a part in dollars.—United Press.

## Weak Spots In Steel Demand

Cleveland, Nov. 12.  
Weak spots are developing in the demand for steel, chiefly in the consumer durable goods lines, Steel magazine reported. This is reflected in the shaving of premium gray market prices and prices for imported steel, the weekly magazine of metalworking said. It is reflected, too, in steel added in improved defence account shipments, and fewer conversion deals, especially in sheets.—Associated Press.

## Exchange Rates

Dunlop was done in the local unofficial exchange market, this morning at the following rates:

Swiss franc (per \$1)	40.00
U.S. Dollars (per \$1)	6.20
Swiss franc (per 100)	3.20
Swiss franc (per 100)	60.00
Swiss franc (per 100)	1.75
7% premium (per 100)	13.00



Date	Ship	From
1st Nov.	"TEGELBERG"	Japan
1st Nov.	"TIWANG"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
16th Nov.	"TJIPONDOK"	Macassar, Balikpapan & Singapore
16th Nov.	"TASMAN"	Singapore
19th Nov.	"TJIBODAS"	Japan
20th Nov.	"STRAAT"	Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa
1st Dec.	"MALAKKA"	Japan
2nd Dec.	"TJITALENGKA"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
6th Dec.	"TEGELBERG"	Japan

General Agents: HOLLAND-ASTA LINE

Date	Ship	From
18th Nov.	"KIELORECHT"	Europe & Singapore
11th Dec.	"KIELORECHT"	Japan
15th Dec.	"AAGTERKERK"	Europe & Singapore
5th Jan.	"AAGTERKERK"	Japan

Chinese Agents: 28015 TO 28017  
CHINESE AGENTS: 28015 TO 28017



## PATTISON ORIENT LINE LIMITED

Due From: Sails For:  
s.s. "LAURE PATTISON" Kobe, Nov. 17th DIRECT Pusan & Japan, Nov. 21st

12-14 Queen's Road C. Tel: 25346.

Chinese Agents:  
OVERSEA CHINESE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.  
48 Bonham Strand W. Tels: 25646, 26127 & 31119

## Call By U.S. Japan And For Land SE Asia Reform

Tokyo, Nov. 12.  
The Japanese Government feels it will be able to trade with Southeast Asia without the help of Red China, the Diet was told today.

Hideo Sudo, Chief of the Economic Stabilisation Board, said that despite the fact that many of the 8,300,000 Chinese who dominate trade in Southeast Asia support the Peking regime, most of them would trade with Japan direct.

At a meeting of the Upper House Treaties Committee, Socialist Diet member Juchiro Nagai asked how the Government would be able to trade with the Chinese merchant's without Red China's help.

Mr Sudo replied that Chinese merchants in Southeast Asia are certain to trade with Japan. He cited as an example a Chinese who owns an iron mine in Malaya and at the present time is eager to ship iron ore to Japan.

Mr Sudo said the Government is carrying on trade negotiations with India and other South-eastern Asia countries.—Associated Press.

## Unions Want A 30-Hour Week

Melbourne.  
Employers' organisations applied in the arbitration court for the standard Australian working week to be increased from 40 to 44 hours.

But some unions asked for a 30 to 36-hour week. The hearing was adjourned.

## Steel Capacity.

New York, Nov. 12.  
The American Iron and Steel Institute reported that the nation's steel industry expects to operate at 101 per cent of rated capacity this week. That would be equivalent to 2,000,000 tons. Last week the industry operated at 104.5 per cent and in the same week a year ago it produced 1,000,000 tons when operating at 101.0 per cent. A year ago the industry's rated capacity was less.—Associated Press.

The future of the wool industry in the United States is questionable if the Government continues to buy foreign wool and subsidize synthetic, the Idaho Wool Growers Association President declares. David Little, the Association President, said wool is in a stronger position on foreign markets than in the US because Japan, Britain, Belgium, Italy and France are buying wool—and with American dollars that will probably never be repaid. "These wools will be processed by cheap foreign labour, to be sold back to us at high prices while our mills in Boston are closed down,"—Associated Press.



Dobbie McInnes Compasses

ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.

H.K. & SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING TEL 27789

# CHINA MAIL

Established 1845

Page 10

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1951.



## ARAB STATES FAIL TO AGREE ON MIDDLE EAST COMMAND PLANS

Paris, Nov. 12.

Seven Arab States failed to reach agreement here tonight on a common policy towards the Western Powers' plans for a Middle East defence command.

The Egyptian Foreign Minister, Saleh el Din, said after a two-hour meeting that no decisions were taken on the Arab reply to the West's defence policy statement.

He said that the seven Arab Governments—Egypt, Syria, Iraq, Jordan, the Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and the Yemen—would meet again to continue discussions.

Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, did not attend the meeting but kept in touch through a courier. He was stated to be "more or less satisfied" with tonight's talk. Azzam is said to be suffering from tonsillitis.

An Egyptian spokesman earlier today told reporters that Egypt would maintain her opposition to the four-Power defence plan even if other States joined in.

Charles Hataou, the Lebanese Minister, told Reuters, "We will continue our discussions until we arrive at a united policy. Saleh el Din emphasised that the Arab States were waiting to reach a 'unanimous decision' but said that he was not prepared to discuss with Egypt's attitude to the defence plans might be if she did not receive support for rejection from the other members of the Arab League.

The meeting, twice postponed in four days, ended with a long session by the Egyptian Foreign Minister who then answered questions.

Since the United Nations Assembly opened here, several Arab diplomats have discussed with the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, their attitude to the defence proposals. Before Mr. Eden returns to London on Thursday he will have met all the Arab leaders now in Paris except the Egyptian Foreign Minister who said tonight that he had no plans for such a meeting.

Salah el Din Bey explained that the date of the next meeting could not be set because the chief Transjordanian delegate, who is also Minister to London, had left for London to present his credentials and it was not known when he would be able to return.

KEEPING MUM

"I can say nothing about our discussions except that Egypt's point of view was well received," he said. "But I will not tell you what Egypt's point of view was."

He then emphasised that no Arab nation would go forward on its own and give any impression on the question until a common attitude had been decided.

## Russian Bid For Persian Oil

(Continued From Page 1)

and are trucks, suddenly surrounded a two-story building today after receiving a tip that the outlawed Tudeh (Communist) Party intended to seize it in a coup. The building formerly was the party's headquarters.

Police Chief Gen. Mansour Mo'ayeni called a meeting of Cabinet Ministers, Senators and Deputies to study documents seized in a policy raid on a Tudeh hideout two weeks ago.—Associated Press.

## Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. Programme Summary: 6.02, "Melody Time"; 6.30, "Cantonese by Radio" Given by Miss Lee Wai Lan and S. K. Lee (Studio); 6.50, Gabor Radics and His Tzigane Orchestra; 7.00, World News and News Analysis (London Relay); 7.15, "William Tell" (Ballet Music (Rossini)); The London Philharmonic Orchestra Conducted by Basil Cameron; 7.30, "Down Memory Lane" Presented by Allen Woods (Studio); 7.50, Weather Report; 8.00, "From The Editorials" (Recorded Relay); 8.10, "Box 200" Bert Gillette At The Console; 8.30, "Take It From Here" With Joe Nichols, Dick Bentley and Jimmy Edwards (BBC); 8.50, Time For May Ball (BBC); The BBC Midland Light Orchestra Conducted by Eric Coates; 9.30, "Music Note Book" Presented by The Rev. Father T. F. Ryan, S.J. (Studio); 10.00, Radio News (London Relay); 10.15, "The Half Century" "The Queen" By Rebecca West (BBC); 11.15, Goodnight Music; 11.20, Weather Report; 11.30, Save The King; 11.30, Close Down.

**INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION**  
The Test would present a difficulty if B's average speed is 10 miles per hour, and Turnip's 10 miles per hour, we have:  
 $1/m + 1/n = 1/10$   
whence  $n = 10m/9$   
So Turnip's average speed is ten-ninths of B's average.  
London Express Service.



Princess Margaret and the Duchess of Kent as they entered the Odeon Theatre in Leicester Square, London, to attend the Royal Film Performance of "Where No Vultures Fly." (Central Press)

## Flying Saucer Turns Up Again

Arcena, Switzerland.

Nov. 12.  
A pale-green, brilliant disc of a size somewhat smaller than a full moon, was observed here today by about 20 persons most of whom claimed that the apparition was accompanied by a howling sound. Nearly all the observers said that they saw a clearly defined black spot in the centre of the luminous disc which seemed to tremble slightly and moved very slowly in a westerly direction. They said that it moved so slowly at first that it appeared to stand still.—United Press.

## Settlement Out Of Court

An action for alleged breach of contract, which was to have been heard before the acting Justice Judge, Mr. Justice Scholes, in Summary Court this morning, was settled out of Court, and the settlement recorded by the Judge.

Plaintiffs, Deawins and Co., of 5 Queen's Road C., claimed \$5,000 and costs from the Chin Yeh Contractors, of 16 Morrison Hill Road, building contractors.

Plaintiffs entered into a contract on February 16, 1951, for delivery of 15 tons of roofing asphalt at \$1,700 per ton. A total of \$25,500 was paid as deposit shortly after the contract was signed, and defendants delivered only two tons, they claimed.

Mr. K. Y. Yung, for plaintiffs, told the Court defendants had consented to judgment for \$2,000 in full settlement of the claim and promised to pay the amount in three instalments.

Mr. Peter Mo, for defendants, agreed.

## MOTOR JUNK OWNER FINED

Found guilty on a charge of being underway without a certificated coxswain, Lee Kan, 35, master of fishing junk 1883V, was fined \$150 by Mr. T. B. Low at the Marine Court this morning.

Defendant, who was intercepted off the Soko Islands while coming in from Macao, was cautioned on two charges of carrying dangerous goods—200 gallons of petrol—and failing to report a change of ownership within seven days of the purchase. He was found not guilty of providing his craft with three 60 h.p. petrol engines.

Defendant pleaded that he bought his 1,377-picul vessel together with the engines for HK\$35,000 in Kam Chai, near Macao, and that he came to Hongkong for the first time since he bought the boat 20 days ago. It was his intention to fit out as a fishing trawler. Defendant said he had only about 10 gallons of petrol and not 200 as alleged.

The International Youth Group is holding an indoor sports and games meeting at the Missionary Club, and 1,000 visitors.

## Tories Survive First Challenge On Steel Industry

London, Nov. 12.

Mr Winston Churchill's three-weeks-old Conservative Government had a majority of 39 on Monday night in its first major battle of the new Parliament.

It defeated by 320 votes to 281 a Labour Opposition motion criticising its proposal to denationalise steel.

The Government's majority in full House is 16. The Liberals voted with the Government.

The motion said the Government's proposals would "not assist the national effort but create anxiety and uncertainty in two vital industries."

The Labour Opposition failed to muster its full strength, which is 295. A Labour member said that ten of them were absent through illness.

Labour told Mr Churchill today that if he denationalised the steel industry they would promptly nationalise it again once they got back to power.

Labour nationalised the industry in February after bitter controversy.

The Conservatives announced last week that they would repeal the Steel Nationalisation Act.

Tonight, the House of Commons was having the first vote of the new Parliament on a Labour motion condemning the Government's decision to repeal the Act.

Former Labour Minister George Strauss, who moved the motion, drew prolonged cheers from Labour benches by declaring that if the Conservatives carried out their promise, Labour would restore the industry to public ownership "at the first opportunity."

**TORY PLANS**  
The Minister of Supply, Mr. Duncan Sandys, gave a broad outline of the Conservative steel proposals. He made it clear that some public control of the industry will continue by a board representing Government, management, labour and consumers.

Mr Sandys said that the Government could not bring in a detailed plan and bill to denationalise steel before two months.

The Government announced today that Parliament will adjourn from December 7 until January 29—an exceptionally long adjournment. Labour will try to bring it down on this issue tomorrow.—Reuter and United Press.

Repeating the call for a five-power pact, he said: "We believe in the possibility of co-existence and co-operation of countries living together under different political and economic systems."

In criticising Mr Eden for not mentioning the alleged violation of the Potsdam, Cairo and Moscow pacts, Mr Wierblowsky said "He was probably thinking only of the treaties imposed on weaker states, to maintain which he is perhaps prepared to use force."

The American plan for disarmament would not bring about peace, security and the well-being of nations, the Polish delegate asserted. Mr Acheson had distorted the truth about Soviet peace policy.

**WILL FOR PEACE**  
If Mr Acheson intended to prove his will for peace, he could announce the liquidation of American bases, the discontinuance of the armaments race, the withdrawal of American troops from Korea, and end interference in the internal affairs of other nations.

The Polish delegate expressed his country's support for all the proposals advanced by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky. He said development of the "world peace movement" was the "reply of the masses of the world to the inaction of the United Nations Organisation."

The Assembly adjourned.—Reuter.

## CONCILIATION BID FALLS ON STONY GROUND

### Polish Delegate Ready For Peace But On The Soviet Model

Paris, Nov. 12.

The first Communist reaction to the appeal made by Mr Anthony Eden, Britain's Foreign Secretary, to Russia's statesmen to join the West in a truce on name-calling and abuse so that the United Nations can tackle some of the practical problems besetting the world, came from the Polish Foreign Under-Secretary, Mr Stefan Wierblowsky.

While not referring directly to Mr Eden's statement, Mr Wierblowsky declared, "It is necessary to seek ways and means which would allow the easing of the present tension and stop the armaments race and allow time to unite the efforts of all peace-loving nations in the direction of peaceful political and economic co-operation which would bring about peace, security and the well being of nations. These ways and means must be concrete, energetic and, first of all, immediate."

Mr Wierblowsky indicated that the Reds wanted to bring the Korean armistice talks right into the Paris United Nations meeting when he said, "Time is running out. The United Nations cannot stand by and watch the spilling of blood. The cessation of hostilities in Korea is one of the most important problems on our agenda and is one of utmost urgency."—United Press.

"WRACKED"

Referring to the speech by Mr Anthony Eden, Mr Wierblowsky criticised him for failing to mention the complete violation of the Potsdam, Cairo and Moscow agreements.

He declared that the American disarmament plan providing for an inventory of military equipment was designed because American Generals were wracked with uncertainty, not knowing whether the balance was favourable for them or not.

Repeating the call for a five-power pact, he said: "We believe in the possibility of co-existence and co-operation of countries living together under different political and economic systems."

In criticising Mr Eden for not mentioning the alleged violation of the Potsdam, Cairo and Moscow pacts, Mr Wierblowsky said "He was probably thinking only of the treaties imposed on weaker states, to maintain which he is perhaps prepared to use force."

The American plan for disarmament would not bring about peace, security and the well-being of nations, the Polish delegate asserted. Mr Acheson had distorted the truth about Soviet peace policy.

**WILL FOR PEACE**

If Mr Acheson intended to prove his will for peace, he could announce the liquidation of American bases, the discontinuance of the armaments race, the withdrawal of American troops from Korea, and end interference in the internal affairs of other nations.

The Polish delegate expressed his country's support for all the proposals advanced by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky. He said development of the "world peace movement" was the "reply of the masses of the world to the inaction of the United Nations Organisation."

The Assembly adjourned.—Reuter.

## LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Sir,—While looking at a copy of your China Mail dated 10th November, I noticed a photograph of two females and a child at the top of Page 4. Underneath, it stated that this child is the youngest passenger on the troopship Dilwara. This, Sir, is untrue. My wife and daughter are passengers on the Dilwara; my daughter, Anita Wendy, is 11 weeks old today, she was born on August 28th, 1951.

It also stated that the father would see his son for the first time. I, myself, have not seen my daughter, only by a photograph, as I sailed from England on August 1st, 1951.

I am in no way offended by the mistake.

ERNEST CARTWRIGHT

## Living Language

Why we say Balmy.

To be balmy is to be mildly mad or eccentric. The word has nothing to do with balm meaning a sweet aromatic odour, but comes from the old English word "barm" meaning yeast. Anyone "barmy" or "balmy" was thought to be full of ferment and unstable.

## DE LATTRE BEGINS BIG OFFENSIVE

Hanoi, Nov. 12.

French and Vietnam forces on the offensive for the first time in more than a year appeared tonight to be building up for an all-out offensive to end the long bloody war in Indo-China.

Their immediate objective appeared to be an effort to sever the Communist-led Vietnam's main lines of communication.

A series of assaults on the key Vietnam concentrations and supply lanes seems to be in the offing since General Jean De Lattre De Tassigny has declared the French now are able to take the offensive whenever they wish.

Gen. De Lattre said the French put themselves in that position with the capture of Choben on Saturday which he called a "Window on the Choben valley, 30 miles Southeast of Hanoi."

This was one of the most vital routes for the movement of Vietnamese men and supplies between North and Central Vietnam. By cutting the valley road, the French not only forced the Vietnamese to look for a new route through the mountains to the West, but drove Ho Chi Minh troops out of more than 400 square miles of territory and occupied or destroyed 60 to 80 villages.—Associated Press.

## CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

1. Region in the south of Argentina.
2. Winston Churchill.
3. With the statue of a beautiful woman he had carved.
4. Sacramento.
5. Lake Ladoga, in north western Russia.
6. Yes, but the colours are faint and difficult to distinguish.

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Trouble with the world is, too many smart folks want to run it instead of looking for peace and opportunity like this."

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALLEN, QUINMAN, for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited, at 72 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

**For CHRISTMAS Here is my BIG BOOK of adventures**

Here are 11 complete adventures of Rupert and his friends. 123 pages printed in gay colours.

**\$4.50.**

Only from South China Morning Post Wyndham St. H.K. & Salisbury Road Kowloon.